The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c &c.

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ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1.00 per square for 3 weeks; 25 " for each cont.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. LX. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1860. NO. 31.

A New Feature

In the business of the Excelsior Sky-Light Gallery.

DURING our late visit to the Cities of Philadelphia and Baltimore we selected a splendid assortment of Stereoscopic Pictures, comprising English, French, Venitian, Egyptian, Italian, and American Scenery.

Statuary Groups, etc., our prices for pictures will range from 12 to 40 cts apiece.—We also have a fine lot of Stereoscopic Boxes, which we offer at reduced prices.

THE PUBLIC generally are invited to call and see our large revolving Box, containing 50 pictures, and we insure to all lovers of the *fine Arts* a pleasant visit. We are also prepared to make Stereoscopic pictures either Portraits or views, at reasonable rates.

TYSON & BRO.
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

April 16. Gettysburg, Pa.

McCormick's Reaper & Mower.

HIGHLY IMPROVED FOR 1860.—Constructed from the first on correct principles, it has always been eminently successful, and with its present improvements fully meeting all the requirements of the age, *it now defies all competition.*

Farmers who may desire it are at liberty to work one of these Machines *through the harvest with any other*, and keep and pay for the one preferred.

The Machine is now *perfectly balanced*, not leaving a pound weight on the horses' neck; its execution in Reaping and Mowing, in both wet and dry, *is perfect*; it cuts *the widest swath*, and as *now made*, with the *lightest draft* of any Machine now in use. It is so constructed that the labor of raking off is very much lightened, a castor wheel, on an entire new principle, on the grain side, wholly relieves the horses from the pressure of the machine from strain in turning, and is so arranged that the cutting bar is completely and easily thrown over obstructions while in motion by the driver, without the use of levers and complicated machinery. A very decided and important feature in its improvement consists in its perfect arrangement for separating and cleaning the track in mowing.

It is the most simple, most substantial, most durable, and in every way the most complete and reliable Reaper and Mower in the world, and as such is Warranted.

The Two-Horse Machine (with easy draft for two horses), cuts a swath 5½ feet wide, and the Four-Horse Machine a foot wider.—For particulars address

J. S. WITHEROW,
Fairfield, Adams County, Pa.

☞R. S. PAXTON, canvassing Agent.

☞The various parts of the Machine for Repairing will be kept on hand at convenient points. [May 14.

New Periodical Store.

READING FOR EVERYBODY, AND ALL KINDS OF READING.

THE undersigned most respectfully announces to the reading public that he has opened a new Periodical Store and News Depot in the room recently occupied for that purpose by Messrs. Aughinbaugh & Son, in Carlisle street, a few doors above the Washington House, where he is prepared to meet the wants and suit the tastes of the literary world.

The city Dailies will be received and delivered promptly. All the leading Magazines, Periodicals, Literary Journals, Pictorials, Ballads, Music, and in fact any and everything in the News and Periodical line will be found at the new establishment of

JOSEPH BROADHEAD.

☞Subscriptions to papers, magazines, &c. received at all times. Give us a call.

March 26.—3m J. B.

New News Depot.

THE subscriber has just opened a NEWS DEPOT on Baltimore street, nearly opposite Fahnestock's store, where will constantly be found any and everything in the reading line, of a strictly moral character. All the leading Magazines, Periodicals, Literary papers, Weekly and Daily, together with Music, Ballads, Confections, Cigars, Tobacco, Cakes, and all sorts of notions, in endless variety. Would you know the news? Then send in your names, all ye who thirst for knowledge, and your wants will be supplied by CHARLES LINDERMAN.

April 2. 6t

New Goods---Cheap Goods---

PRETTY GOODS.—FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS have just returned from the cities with the largest, prettiest, and cheapest assortment of Goods ever offered to the public. We have an unusually large and cheap stock of Silks, Delaines, and every variety of Ladies' Dress Goods, Cassimers, Cassinetts, Vestings, &c. Call early and examine for yourselves. We will satisfy you that our Goods are unusually cheap. No trouble to show Goods. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS,
April 9.—tf Sign of the Red Front.

TO SAVE MONEY, make your purchases of Mens' and Boys' Clothing, of which you will find a large assortment, also, India Rubber Over Coats and Leggins at

SAMSON'S.

ALL styles, kinds and prices of Fancy Cases, Gilded Frames, Gold Lockets, Breastpins, &c. &c. cheapest in the country at TYSON & BROS'

Photographic Gallery,
N. E. cor. of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

REMEMBER that Picking is celebrated for selling cheap Suspenders, Gloves, Hosiery, Cravats, Hair and Shoe Brushes, Violins, Accordeons, Fifes, Flutes, and in fact every thing in the notion and musical way. Don't forget the place opposite the Church in Chambersburg Street.

☞TYSON'S PICTURES.

SILKS.—A large and beautiful assortment of Spring & Summer Silks, also Mourning Silks, which will be sold low at

April 9. FAHNESTOCKS'.

Choice Poetry.

A MOTHER'S REVERIE.

The little blue eyes are closed in sleep,
And hush'd is the little prattling tongue,
While such sly little laughs o'er the red lips creep,
As the first tints of dawning so eagerly peep
Where the round little arms are flung.

A mother is gazing in holy pride
On the child of her heart and love,
And she wonders what fortune will life betide
For the proud little darling asleep by her side—
Unconscious of tear drops above.

She plays with the ringlets that cluster his brow
As she dreams of a distant morrow,
And wonders will Providence ever allow
That forehead so placid in innocence now
To be wrinkled by bursting sorrow.

Will he rise like the eagle, and only soar—
The race for the laurel by him be won?
And great as he may be—a title worth more
To be known as a good man from shore to shore—
Her proud boast shall be—"This is my son!"

Will his manhood fulfill all she dreams for him,
And life its nobility still confer?
Or the light that is shining now be dim,
The cup of her sorrows be full to the brim—
The earliest of wrinkles for her?

Will temptation e'er make her that loved one forget,
Erase from his memory the first little prayer?
His age prove a penance of anguished regret—
The feet of the pilgrim on Canaan be set,
But the face of the loved one wanting there?

Will he droop like the poor wounded bird, and sink
When sorrow and shame cannot smile?
Will he madden his brain with the Hell-cursed drink,
Forget how to pray, or even to think,
And herd with the vilest of vile?

Oh, better, far better, that death were here—
The casket so priceless enshrined 'neath the sod;
For earth then she'd know would contain her no fear,
And she's certain in white robes he'd surely appear,
Unsullied, unstained before God!

Miscellaneous.

Rowland Hill and the Theatre.

One of his hearers was much annoyed at finding that the venerable old minister had been told that he was a very worldly man, and more especially that he was a great frequenter of theatrical amusements. "I assure you, Mr. Hill," said he, "I have been much maligned, I very seldom attend theatres; though, to be sure, just now and then, once in a fortnight or so, you know, not as a regular habit, sir, but as a very great treat. I do allow myself to take a ticket." Mr. Hill, wishing to show his hearer that his own lips condemned him, by showing that his heart was still worldly, replied: "Mr. A—, suppose a person were to say to me, 'Mr. Hill, I hear you are a very dirty man; sir, they really say you live on carrion!' and I was to say, 'Why, my dear sir, I have been cruelly maligned. I eat carrion, indeed! no, sir, I have as good roast and boiled at my table as you have at your's; only, Mr. A—, only just now and then, not a habit, sir; O, no; but just once in a fortnight or so, I do indulge myself in one delicious dinner of carrion!'"

☞Gradual repentance is like a man who wants to be taken out of a burning building, but who says to those about him, "Now, don't take me out too suddenly; take me down first to a room where it is not so hot as it is here; and then to another room, where there is still less heat, and so take me out gradually." Why, the man would be a cinder before you got him out. A man who wants to reform should reform perpendicularly.

Curious Case.

In the Common Pleas of Luzerne county, last week, a somewhat singular case was tried. The administrators of the estate of Elisha Harris had offered his effects at public sale. Among other things was an uncouth block of wood, supposed by some to be a part of a cheese press, but the true character and object of which was unknown. David M. Hutmacher bid it off for fifteen cents, and laid it out against the fence until night, when he carried it home. Subsequently he determined to gratify his curiosity, and accordingly split the block open, when he discovered a queer secret drawer opened by the pressure of a long rod, and containing bonds, notes, and other matters, besides about $2,500 in gold and silver coin. It had long been conjectured that money and other valuables were secreted somewhere about the premises. An amicable suit was brought for the recovery of the contents of the block to test the question of rightful ownership. Verdict for the executors, $4,500.—*Philad. Penn.*

A Novel Marriage.

A couple were married by Justice Purdy yesterday, says the Detroit *Free Press*, of the 20th ult., one of whom was a female, aged fifty-eight, and the other a verdant looking young man, of about eighteen. He maintained and stuck to it, that he was thirty-seven years old, and in order to make up the deficiency, she brought her years down to forty-five. The dodge did not work, and, upon being informed that they must make oaths to the facts, they declined, and requested to be united without any questioning. The young fellow said he had no particular objection to telling his age, but the lady was captious, and refused to divulge until she was informed that she must give up all hopes of possessing the youngster as a penalty. She said he didn't amount to much as a man, but then he would be handy to have around, and she thought she might as well take him, as she had more money than she knew what to do with, and wanted somebody to spend it. The bridegroom looked as if he might fulfill the duty with a little judicious training.

☞A man in Farmington, Iowa, while horribly blaspheming God, was struck by palsy, and almost immediately died.

THE WIFE'S SACRIFICE.

"There, Mary—now don't you think I deserve to be called a pretty good husband?" laughed the young man as he dropped down in the lady's hand a dozen gold pieces.

"Yes you are, Edward, the very best husband in the world," and she lifted up her sweet face beaming with smiles, as a June day with sunshine.

"Thank you, thank you, for the very flattering words. And now, dear, I want you to have the cloak by next Christmas.—I'm anxious to know how you will look in it."

"But Edward," gazing anxiously at the shining pieces in her rosy palm, "you know we are not rich people, and it really seems a piece of extravagance for me to give thirty dollars for a velvet cloak."

"No, it is not, either. You deserve the cloak, Mary, and I've set my mind upon you having it. Then it'll last you so many years that it will be more economical in the end than a less expensive article."

It was evident that the lady was predisposed in conviction. She made no further attempt to refute her husband's arguments, and her small fingers closed over the gold pieces, as she rose up, saying,

"Well, dear, the supper has been waiting half an hour, and I know you must be hungry."

Edward and Mary Clark were the husband and wife of a year. He was a bookkeeper in a large establishment, with a salary of fifteen hundred dollars. His fair young wife made a little earthly paradise of his cottage home in the suburbs of the city, for within its walls dwelt two lives that were set like music to poetry, keeping time to each other. And here also dwelt the peace that God giveth to those who love him.

Mrs. Clark came into the sitting room suddenly, and the girl lifted her head, and then turned it away quickly, but not until the first glance told the lady that the fair face was swollen and stained with tears.

Janet Hill was a young seamstress whom Mrs. Clark had occasionally employed for the last six months. She was always attracted by her young bright face, her modest, yet dignified manners, and the lady saw at once that some great sorrow had smitten the girl.

Obeying the promptings of a warm, impulsive heart, she went to her and laid her hand on her arm, saying, softly,

"Won't you tell me what is troubling you, Janet?"

"Nothing that anybody can help," answered the girl, trying to avert her face, while the tears swelled in her eyes from the effort which she made to speak.

"But perhaps I can. At any rate, you know, it does us good sometimes to confide our sorrows to a friend, and I need not assure you that I sincerely grieve because of your distress."

And so with kind words and half caressing movements of the little hand, laid on the seamstress' arm, Mrs. Clark drew from her lips her sad story.

She was an orphan, supporting herself by her daily labors, and she had but one brother, just sixteen, three years her junior.—He had been for some time a kind of under clerk in a large wholesale establishment, where there was every prospect of his promotion; but he had seriously injured himself in the summer, by lifting some heavy bales of goods, and at last a dangerous fever set in, which had left him in so exhausted a state that the doctor had no hopes of his recovery.

"And to think I never shall see him again, Mrs. Clark," cried the poor girl, with a fresh burst of tears. "To think he must die away there, among strangers in the hospital, with no loving face to bend over him in his last hours, or brush away the damp curls from the forehead which mamma used to be so proud of. O—George—my darling, bright-faced little brother George," and here the poor girl broke down in a fresh storm of sobs and tears.

"Poor child, poor child," murmured Mrs. Clark, her sweet eyes swimming in tears.—How much would it cost for you to go to your brother and return?" she asked at last.

"About thirty dollars. I haven't so much money in the world. You see it's nearly four hundred miles off; but I could manage to support myself after I got there."

A thought passed quickly through Mrs. Clark's mind. She stood still for a few moments, her blue eyes fixed in deep meditation. At last she said, kindly,

"Well, my child, try and bear up bravely, and we will see what can be done for you," and the warm, cheerful tones comforted the sad heart of the seamstress.

The lady went up stairs and took the shining pieces out of her ivory port-monnaie. There was a brief, sharp struggle in her mind.

"Somehow I've set my heart on this velvet cloak," she thought, "and Edward will be disappointed. I was out to select the velvet this very afternoon. But then there's that dying boy lying there with strange faces all around him, and longing, as the slow hours go by, for a sight of the sister that loves him, and would not this thought haunt me every time I put on my new cloak! After all, my old broadcloth is not so bad, if it's only turned. And, I'm sure I can bring Edward over to my way of thinking. No, you must go without the cloak this time, and have the pleasure of knowing that you have smoothed the path going down to the valley of the shadow of death, Mary Clark." And she closed the port-monnaie very resolutely, and went down stairs.

"Janet, put up your work this moment—there is no time to lose. Here is the money. Take it and go to your brother."

The girl lifted up her eyes a moment, almost in bewilderment, to the lady, and then, as she comprehended the truth, a cry of such joy broke from her lips, that its memory never faded from the heart through all the after years of Mrs. Clark's life.

"George! George!"

The words leaped from her lips, as the sister sprang forward to the low bed where the youth lay, his white, sharpened face, gleaming death-like from amidst his thick, yellow curls.

He opened his large eyes suddenly, a flush passed over his pallid face. He stretched out his thin arms.

"O Janet! Janet! I have prayed to God for the sight of you once more, before I die."

"His pulse is stronger than it's been for two weeks, and his face has a better hue," said the doctor, a few hours later, as he made his visits through the wards of the hospital.

"His sister came yesterday, and watched with him," answered an attendant glancing at the young girl who hung breathless over the sleeping invalid.

"Ah, that explains it. I'm not certain but that the young man has recuperative power enough left to recover if he could have the care and tenderness for the next two months, which love alone can furnish."

How Janet's heart leaped at the blessed words! That very morning she had an interview with her brother's employers. They had been careless, but not intentionally unkind, and the girl's story enlisted their sympathies.

In a day or two George was removed to a quiet, comfortable private home, and his sister installed herself by his couch, his nurse and comforter.

Three years have passed. The shadows of the night were dropping already round Mrs. Clark sat in her chamber, humming a nursery tune, to which the cradle kept a sort of rhymic movement. Sometimes she would pause suddenly, and adjust the snowy blankets around the face of the little slumberers, shining out from their brown curls as red apples shine amid fading leaves in October orchards. Suddenly the door opened.

"Sh—sh," said the young mother, and she lifted her finger with a smiling warning as her husband entered.

"There's something for you, Mary. It came by express this afternoon;" he said the words in an undertone, placing a small packet in her lap.

The lady received the packet with eyes filled with wonder, while her husband leaned over her shoulder and watched her movements.

A white box disclosed itself, and removing the cover, Mrs. Clark descried a small elegantly chased hunting watch.—She lifted it with a cry of delighted surprise, and touching the spring, the case flew back, and on the inside was engraved these words:

"To Mrs. Mary Clark. In token of the life saved."

"O, Edward, it must have come from George and Janet Hill," exclaimed the lady, and the quick tears leaped into her eyes. "You know she's been with him ever since that time, and she wrote me last spring that he obtained an excellent situation as head clerk in the firm. What an exquisite gift, and how I shall value it. Not only for itself, either."

"Well Mary, you were in the right then, though I'm sorry to say, I was half vexed with you for giving up your velvet cloak, and you've not had one yet."

"No, I've not had one, but I've never regretted it."

She said the words with her eyes fastened admiringly on the beautiful gift.

"Nor I, Mary, for I cannot doubt that your sacrifice brought the young man's life."

"O, say those words again, Edward.—Blessed be God for them," added the lady fervently.

The husband drew his arm around his wife, and murmured reverently:

"Blessed be God, Mary, who put it into your heart to do this good deed."

Grand Catholic Council in Rome.

The Metropolitan Record, organ of Archbishop Hughes, says:

Our advices from the Eternal city, brought out by the Persia, inform us of the conception in the capital of the Christian world of one of the grandest and most elevated political ideas of the nineteenth century. Some members of the Sacred College have proposed to the Pope the subject of the assemblage in Rome of distinguished delegates, administrative or deputized, from every Catholic power in the world. This body, when organized, is to constitute a commission of inquiry into the actual condition of temporal affairs in the States of the Church; and, having collected a calm and unprejudiced statement on every topic, draw up a report suggesting to his Holiness what amount of popular reform is really required and should be granted, as well as what portion or portions of the demands of his subjects should be refused.

SINGULAR CASE.—In Washington county, Va., last week, Wm. Woodson, who is worth $100,000, was convicted of hog stealing and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

Sunday in Paris.

The Catholic Mirror is publishing a series of letters from Europe, written by the Rev. Mr. Obermyer, late pastor of St. Vincent's Church, of New York. The Reverend gentleman, speaking of the observance of Sunday in Paris, remarks:

Amid so much that is gratifying in Paris, there is one thing that must shock and scandalize an American Catholic. It is the awful desecration of the Lord's day. A person can with difficulty perceive any outward difference between Sunday and any other day in the week. Here on Sunday all kinds of servile work is performed. To keep open stores and shops is too bad, but it is worse to see the mason laying his stone, the carpenter busy at his trade, the stonecutter hewing his block, the blacksmith hammering his iron, the cartman hauling his sand and dirt, the laborer digging the foundation of houses, the scavenger cleaning the streets, and the small huckster singing out his little articles. There seems to be no rest for man or beast. This open, public violation of one of the Ten Commandments with the at least quasi sanction of the ruling authorities, cannot but draw down a scourge from high Heaven. Even after nightfall many of the retail stores on the Boulevard are kept open. How long, I have asked myself, shall this scandal continue under rulers who are officially styled *Most Christian?*

A Sharp Retort.

SHASTA, California, being the head of "Wohaw" navigation, the hotels of this town were full to overflowing, when Judge B— arrived and asked the landlord for his room. The landlord regretted the fact—"there was but one opportunity even to sleep under his roof, and that in a double bed already occupied by a 'son of the Emerald Isle,' a miner from the neighboring county, who was well acquainted with the Judge by reputation." The Judge, making a virtue of necessity, agreed to sleep with Pat for the night, and was shown into the room by Boniface, who wakened Pat and told him who was to be his bedfellow. Pat was agreed. The landlord retired, and the Judge commenced the double process of undressing and reminding Pat of the honor of which he was about to be the recipient, and at the same time talking of the "ould country" and preparing Pat to give him, the Judge, his support at the coming election. Conversing for a long time after getting into bed, said the Judge: "Pat, you would have remained a long time in the old country before you could have slept with a Judge, would you not?" "Yis, yer Honor," said Pat, "and I think yer Honor would have been in the 'ould country' a long time before ye'd been a Judge, too!" The Judge woke up next morning, and looked at himself in the glass to see whether a bad night's rest had injured his looks.

Manuring.

A Maryland farmer writes: "Until some few years ago, I was engaged in other pursuits, but having become the owner of some land in Kent County, I began tilling the land according to my views on the subject. All the manure I could get was put on the grass land, intended for corn the following season. Stable manure, and the manure from the cow-yards, was all cleaned up as soon after the Spring rains were over as possible, whether rotted or not, and applied as above. During the year the same course was pursued. The corn was cut off and the ground seeded in wheat. If I had any manure fit for wheat at seeding time, it was spread on the surface after the land was ploughed, and harrowed or drilled in with the wheat. By this way of manuring, I succeeded in raising fair crops of corn and wheat, (the land being very poor.) Clover was seeded on the wheat, and lime applied on the clover, to be pastured and surface manured for the next corn crop. This season I have raised near thirty bushels of wheat from corn ground so manured.

☞Pat was helping Mr. Blank to get a safe in his office one day, and not being acquainted with the article, inquired what it was for? "To prevent papers and other articles which are placed in it from being burnt, in case of fire," said Mr. B. "An' sure, will nothing iver burn that is put in that thing?" "No." "Well, then, yer honor, ye'd better be after gettin in that same whin ye die." Mr. Blank "wilted."

TO TAKE OUT TAR, PITCH, PAINT, RESIN, &c.—If any of these happen to get on a garment, either linen or woollen, pour a little alcohol on the place, and let it soak about half an hour. Then rub it gently, and you will find the alcohol has soaked out the glutinous quality, so that it will easily crumble out.

ONE OF THE METEORIC STONES.—The Ohio State Journal of the 18th, speaking of the recent meteoric showers in Guernsey county, of that State, says:

"One of the meteors has been laid upon our table by Mr. John Burdick, of this city, who dug it from its concealment in the bosom of the earth on his farm in Guernsey county. The meteor flashed upon our astonished vision, perfectly docile, a black, wedge-shaped mass of conglomerate rock, with a very mysterious smell. The meteor weighs just nine pounds, and was seen to descend like a streak of lightning, blazing like molten iron. It penetrated the earth about a foot and a half, leaving a huge hole.

☞Said Tom, "since I have been abroad I have eaten so much pork, that I am ashamed to look a pig in the face."

"I s'pose, sir, then," said a wag who was present, "you shave without a glass."

Return of the Jews to Palestine.

To the student of the Bible and church history there are few current subjects of more absorbing interest or of deeper significance than the events now almost daily transpiring which point to the re-possession by the Jews of their own land. The tide of progress, after a lapse of centuries, may be said to have fairly turned in that direction, and the prayer long offered by that chosen but now scattered people, that "Judah may be saved and Israel dwell securely, and that the Redeemer may come to Zion," is undoubtedly hastening to fulfillment.—The Sultan of Turkey is encouraging Jewish emigration to Palestine, and is offering to sell them as much land as they choose to buy, and it is said has even expressed his willingness to dispose of the Mosque of Omar to them, which, it will be recollected, stands upon the very site of the Jewish Temple on Mount Moriah. This mosque is one of the Mohammedans' most celebrated shrines, being scarcely inferior in national importance to those of Mecca and Medina. Politicians and statesmen look upon these indications as a legitimate consequence of the liberalizing influence of Mohammedan intercourse with Christians, and so they may be; but to the reader of the yet unfulfilled pages of Revelation they also point to what, as it respects the Jewish nation, "prophets and kings" have long waited for, "but died without the sight." That the mosque of Omar should be in a fair way of passing into the hands of the people to whose fathers the site on which it stands was once given in an everlasting covenant, is what no reader of secular history, fifty years ago, could even have dreamed would ever come to pass. Some of the hills around Jerusalem have already become Jewish property, and it is by no means improbable that some of the present generation will see the entire city of Jerusalem again in the hands of its ancient owners. That a mighty revolution will follow in the wake of such an event is probably as certain as that the Jews will return at all; at all events affairs in that immediate region of the East must ere long become an engrossing theme among the nations of the earth. An able discussion of this vast theme, and the steps towards the fulfillment of prophecy as they transpire, will constitute a prolific field for the religious press; and those evincing the greatest familiarity with the subject will doubtless find their enlightening disquisitions sought after with avidity. The foreign correspondents of those journals would do well to give particular attention to this subject. The Presbyterian of the present week alludes to it, and promises more in future.—*Philadelphia Press.*

The Great Fire in London in 1666.

Dickens gives the following description of the great London fire, which occurred on a windy night, Sept. 3, 1666:

It broke out at a baker's shop, near London Bridge, on the spot on which the monument now stands, as a remembrance of those raging flames. It spread and spread, and burned and burned, for three days. The nights were lighter than the days; in the day time there was an immense cloud of smoke, and in the night time there was a great tower of fire mounting up into the sky, which lighted the whole country landscape for miles round.

Showers of hot ashes rose into the air, and fell on distant places; flying sparks carried the conflagration to great distances, and kindled it in twenty new spots at a time; church steeples fell down with tremendous crashes; the houses crumbled into cinders by the hundred and the thousand. The summer had been intensely hot and dry, the streets were very narrow, and the houses mostly built of wood and plaster.

Nothing could stop the tremendous fire but the want of more houses to burn, nor did it stop until the whole way from the Tower to Temple Bar was a desert, composed of the ashes of thirteen thousand houses and eighty-nine churches.

This was a terrible visitation at the time, and occasioned great loss and suffering to the two hundred thousand burnt-out people, who were obliged to lie in the fields under the open night sky, or in hastily made huts of mud and straw while the lanes and roads were rendered impassable by carts which had been broken down as they tried to save their goods. But the fire was a great blessing to the city afterwards, for it arose from its ruins very much improved—built more regularly, more widely, more cleanly and carefully, and therefore much more healthy.

☞Sixty years ago the population of Cincinnati was but 750 persons; in 1830, 24,000. Now she estimates her population at 200,000. She has eighty churches, three colleges, four medical schools, a law school, six classical schools. The number of manufacturing and industrial establishments is estimated at four thousand; and the annual value of such products over forty-eight millions of dollars.

☞An Irishman complained to his physician that he stuffed him so much with drugs, that he was sick a long time after he got well!

☞"Good morning, Mr. Gumm; what is the news to-day?" "O, there's no news, my wife was sick yesterday, and did'nt go out; no news—no news."

☞"Ma, is Mr. B. respectable?" "Certainly, my child; why do you ask that question?" "Because he wears such poor clothes." "You should not judge persons by their clothes; none but silly people do that." "Then everybody's silly, ain't they, ma?"

Elopement of a New York Preacher with Another Man's Wife.

CINCINNATI, June 2.—A few days since a telegraphic dispatch was received in this city, stating that a New York preacher had eloped with the wife of a friend. The dispatch was placed in the hands of one of our detectives, who has succeeded in finding the guilty parties, and yesterday the minister was arrested and placed in confinement. We learn that the husband who was so cruelly deserted is a lawyer, employed in the District Attorney's office in New York, and a gentleman occupying a prominent position in society. The minister, who is a native of the South, is a graduate of a theological seminary in New York, where he made the acquaintance of the lady.

As soon as the husband obtained intelligence of the elopement, he telegraphed, as above stated, to this city, upon the supposition that they had gone West. From the description thus furnished, the detective soon succeeded in decoying the seducer by a letter, to the Post-office, and then traced him to a boarding-house on Fifth street, where he and the lady had been staying about a week. The minister was arrested as stated, and is now in jail, charged with adultery. The faithless wife is at one of the principal hotels, under surveillance of friends of the husband, who is on his way, and will arrive here this morning. While thus presenting the facts of this scandalous affair, we have avoided using the names of the parties, preferring to let them be made public through the courts.

Serious Railroad Collision.

WEST CHESTER, PA., June 2.—A collision occurred on the Central road this afternoon at four o'clock near Fairville station. Two passenger trains met on a curve, and both engines and four cars became a total wreck. The firemen and engineers escaped by jumping from the train.—The conductor, Willis Taylor, and a newsboy, were seriously injured. Lee Michner, a farmer of Chester county, who was standing on the platform, was instantly killed.—Mr. Furney, an employee, was also injured. The contractor of the road, Mr. A. B. Burton, who was sitting on the engine, jumped off and was bruised but not seriously hurt. Every assistance was rendered to the passengers, a number of whom were more or less injured and taken to Mendenhall's farm-house.

Great Rush for Europe.

The United States mail steamer Adriatic, Captain Comstock, left New York on Saturday week for Southampton and Havre with the large number of 384 cabin passengers, and $1,250,000 in specie. Among the passengers we notice the names of thirteen clergymen: Rev. Dr. Adams, Rev. Dr. Patton, Rev. Dr. McGill, of Princeton, N. J., Rev. Dr. Thornwell, Rev. John Douglas, Rev. J. A. Witherspoon, of S. C.; Rev. R. B. Anderson, of N. C.; Rev. Mr. Thompson, of Memphis; Rev. H. D. Ganse, Rev. F. W. W. Williams, Rev. G. F. Morrison, of Philadelphia; Rev. R. R. Bertron, Rev. Wm. P. Corbett. The latter gentleman is a popular New York clergyman of the M. E. Church. He was escorted down to Sandy Hook by about five hundred friends, who chartered a steamboat for the purpose.

The steamship Edinburg also sailed from New York on Saturday, for Liverpool, taking out $315,000 in specie and two hundred and eighty-four passengers, among whom are Bishop Knapp and several other clergymen.

☞The following resolution, which was adopted at a meeting of young ladies, in a neighboring town, some days since, shows the effect of leap year upon the female sex:

"Resolved, That if we don't get married this year, somebody will be to blame."

Very likely. But we hope the ladies will not "blame" the men, as usual, for this is not the men's year to do the courting.

Tomatoes.

The *Working Farmer* says of the tomato plant that it bears eighty per cent. of its fruit within eighteen inches of the ground, while more than half of the plant is above that part. When the branches are cut they do not bleed, and they may therefore be shortened immediately above the larger or early setting fruit. The removal of the small fruit on the ends of the branches is no loss, for the lower fruit will swell to an unnatural size by trimming, and both a greater weight and measure of fruit will be the consequence, besides obtaining a larger portion five to fifteen days earlier. The trimming should be so done as to leave a few leaves beyond the fruit, to insure perfect ripening. The importance of early maturing is too evident to need comment. The burying of the removed leaves immediately around the plant is a good practice, both by insuring full disturbance of the soil, and by the presenting a fertilizer progressing precisely to the point of fruit making. The portions buried decay rapidly, and are readily assimilated.

STORM AND LOSS OF LIFE.—On the 30th ult., a violent storm passed over Clarion county, Pa., destroying everything in its course. A large number of houses were blown down, killing Mrs. Charles Stewart, a daughter of Nathan Hane, and Mrs. Irvin McFarland. About forty houses and barns in all were prostrated.

☞Prentice says he has heard of but one old woman who kissed her cow, but he knows of many thousand young ones who have kissed very great calves.

☞The wasp attacks the ripest fruit first; so will slander attempt to wound the most honest fame.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

Correspondence of the Cleveland Leader.

THRILLING EPISODE IN THE LIFE OF "ABE LINCOLN."

As a Western man, I wish space to give vent to my enthusiasm over the nomination of the Hon. Abraham Lincoln for President of the United States. Mr Lincoln, or "Old Abe" as his friends familiarly call him, is a self-made man. A Kentuckian by birth, he emigrated to Illinois in his boyhood, where he earned his living at the anvil, devoting his leisure hours to study. Having chosen the law as his future calling, he devoted himself assiduously to its mastery, contending at every step with adverse fortune. During this period of study, he for some time found a home under the hospitable roof of one Armstrong, a farmer who lived in a log house some eight miles from the village of Petersburg, Menard county. Here, clad in homespun, with elbows out, and knees covered with patches, young Lincoln would master his lessons by the firelight of the cabin, and then walk to town for the purpose of recitation. This man Armstrong was himself poor, but he saw the genius struggling in the young student, and opened to him his rude home, and bid him welcome to his coarse fare. How Lincoln graduated with promise, how he has more than fulfilled that promise, how honorably he acquitted himself alike on the battle-field, in defending our border settlements against the ravages of savage foes, and in the halls of our national legislature, are matters of history, and need no repetition here. But one little incident of a more private nature, standing as it does as a sort of sequel to some things already alluded to, I deem worthy of record. Some few years since the oldest son of Mr. Lincoln's old friend Armstrong, the chief support of his widowed mother—the good old man having some time previously passed from earth—was arrested on the charge of murder. A young man had been killed during a riotous melee, in the night time, at a camp-meeting; and one of his associates stated that the death-wound was inflicted by young Armstrong. A preliminary examination was gone into, at which the accuser testified so positively that there seemed no doubt of the guilt of the prisoner, and therefore he was held for trial As is too often the case, the bloody act caused an undue degree of excitement in the public mind. Every improper incident in the life of the prisoner—each act which bore the least semblance of rowdyism—each school-boy quarrel—was suddenly remembered and magnified, until they pictured him as a fiend of the most horrid hue As these rumors spread abroad, they were received as gospel truth, and a feverish desire for vengeance seized upon the infatuated populace, while only prison bars prevented a horrible death at the hands of a mob. The events were heralded in the county papers, painted in the highest colors, accompanied by rejoicing over the certainty of punishment being meted out to the guilty party. The prisoner, overwhelmed by the circumstances under which he found himself placed, fell into a melancholy condition, bordering upon despair; and the widowed mother, looking through her tears, saw no cause for hope from earthly aid.

At this juncture, the widow received a letter from Mr. Lincoln, volunteering his services in an effort to save the youth from the impending stroke. Gladly was his aid accepted, although it seemed impossible for even his sagacity to prevail in such a desperate case; but the heart of the attorney was in his work, and he set about it with a will that knew no such word as fail. Feeling that the poisoned condition of the public mind was such as to preclude the possibility of impanneling an impartial jury in the Court having jurisdiction, he procured a change of venue, and a postponement of the trial. He then went studiously to work unraveling the history of the case, and satisfied himself that his client was the victim of malice, and that the statements of the accuser were a tissue of falsehoods. When the trial was called on, the prisoner, pale and emaciated, with hopelessness written on every feature, and accompanied by his half-hoping, half-despairing mother—whose only hope was in a mother's belief of her son's innocence, in the justice of the God she worshipped, and in the noble counsel, who, without hope of fee or reward upon earth, had undertaken the case—took his seat in the prisoner's box, and with a "stony firmness" listened to the reading of the indictment.—Lincoln sat quietly by, while the large auditory looked on him as though wondering what he could say in defense of one whose guilt they regarded as certain. The examination of witnesses for the State was begun, and a well-arranged mass of evidence, circumstantial and positive, was introduced, which seemed to impale the prisoner beyond the possibility of extrication The counsel for the defense propounded but few questions, and those of a character which excited no uneasiness on the part of the prosecutor—merely, in most cases, requiring the main witness to be definite as to time and place.

When the evidence of the prosecution was ended, Lincoln introduced a few witnesses to remove some erroneous impressions in regard to the previous character of his client, who, though somewhat rowdyish, had never been known to commit a vicious act, and to show that a great degree of ill feeling existed between the accuser and the deceased. The prosecutor felt that the case was a clear one, and his opening speech was brief and formal. Lincoln arose, while a deathly silence pervaded the vast audience, and in a clear but moderate tone began his argument. Slowly and carefully he reviewed the testimony, pointing out the hitherto unobserved discrepancies in the statements of the principal witness. That which had seemed plain and plausible, he made to appear crooked as a serpent's path. The witness had stated that the affair took place at a certain hour in the evening, and that, by the aid of the brightly shining moon, he saw the prisoner inflict the death blow with a sling-shot. Mr. Lincoln showed that at the hour referred to, the moon had not yet appeared above the horizon, and consequently the whole tale was a fabrication.—An almost instantaneous change seemed to have been wrought in the minds of his auditors, and the verdict of "not guilty" was at the end of every tongue. But the advocate was not content with this intellectual achievement. His whole being had for months been bound up in this work of gratitude and mercy, and, as the lava of the overcharged crater bursts from its imprisonment, so great thoughts and burning words leaped forth from the soul of the eloquent Lincoln. He drew a picture of the perjurer so horrid and ghastly that the accuser could sit under it no longer, but reeled and staggered from the Court-room, while the audience fancied they could see the brand upon his brow. Then in words of thrilling pathos, Lincoln appealed to the jurors as fathers of sons who might become fatherless, and as husbands of wives who might be widowed, to yield to no previous impressions, no ill-founded prejudice, but to do his client justice; and as he alluded to the debt of gratitude which he owed the boy's sire, tears were seen to fall from many eyes unused to weep. It was near night when he concluded by saying that, if justice were done—as he believed it would be—before the sun should set, it would shine upon his client a free man. The Jury retired, and the Court adjourned for the day. Half an hour had not elapsed, when, as the officers of the Court and the volunteer attorney sat at the tea-table of their hotel, a messenger announced that the Jury had returned to their seats. All repaired immediately to the Court-house, and while the prisoner was being brought from the jail, the Court-room was filled to overflowing with citizens of the town. When the prisoner and his mother entered, silence reigned as completely as though the house were empty. The foreman of the Jury, in answer to the usual inquiry from the Court, delivered the verdict of "Not Guilty!"—The widow dropped into the arms of her son, who lifted her up, and told her to look upon him as before—free and innocent.—Then, with the words—"Where is Mr. Lincoln?" he rushed across the room and grasped the hand of his deliverer, while his heart was too full for utterance. Lincoln turned his eyes toward the West, where the sun still lingered in view, and then, turning to the youth, said, "It is not sundown, and you are free." I confess that my cheeks were not wholly unwet by tears, and I turned from the affecting scene. As I cast a glance behind, I saw Abraham Lincoln obeying the divine injunction, by comforting the widowed and the fatherless. D

A Speech of Abraham Lincoln.

The following extract from one of Mr. Lincoln's speeches in reply to Douglas, has a curious pertinency at the present time:

There is still another disadvantage under which we labor, and to which I will ask your attention. It arises out of the relative positions of the two persons who stand before the State as candidates for the Senate. Senator Douglas is of world wide renown. All the anxious politicians of his party, or who have been of his party for years past, have been looking upon him as certainly, at no distant day, *to be President of the United States*. They have seen in his round, jolly, fruitful face, post-offices, land offices, marshalships, and cabinet appointments, charge-ships and foreign missions, bursting and sprouting in wonderful exuberance, ready to be laid hold of by their greedy hands. And as they have been gazing upon this attractive picture so long, they cannot, in the little distraction that has taken place in the party, bring themselves to give up the charming hope; but with greedier anxiety they rush about him, sustain him, and give him marches, triumphal entries, and receptions beyond what even in the days of his prosperity they could have brought about in his favor.

On the contrary, nobody has ever expected me to be President. In my poor, lean, lank face, nobody has ever seen that any cabbages were sprouting out. These are disadvantages, all taken together, that the Republicans labor under. We have to fight this battle upon principle, and upon principle alone. I am, in a certain sense, made the standard-bearer in behalf of the Republicans. I was made so merely because there had to be some one so placed—I being in nowise preferable to any other one of the twenty-five—perhaps a hundred we have in the Republican ranks. Then, I say, I wish it to be distinctly understood and borne in mind, that we have this battle without many—perhaps without any—of the external aids which are brought to bear against us. So I hope those with whom I am surrounded have principle enough to nerve themselves for the task, and leaving nothing undone that can be fairly done, to bring about the right result."

An Accomplished Female Swindler.

Yesterday morning a well-dressed female alighted from a carriage in front of one of the largest and most fashionable dry good houses on Fourth street, and entering the establishment asked to be shown some shawls. After looking over the stock she selected one worth forty dollars, handing the salesman in payment a hundred dollar bill, of the genuineness of which the cashier expressed some doubt, and submitted it to an expert in such matters, who pronounced it perfectly good. The change was then handed to the customer, when she pointed out some blemish in the shawl, which had not previously been observed, and declined to take it, demanding the return of her money, which was done, and the bill once more placed in her neat little portmonnaie, from which it had but a minute before been abstracted.

The attentive *attache*, somewhat disappointed at missing the sale, politely insisted upon her again looking over the stock, telling her he did not doubt she could be suited, and regretting that he had not a duplicate of the one she had chosen. She readily consented, seeming desirous of making a purchase, but concluded that none would answer her purpose. When about to leave, she offered the salesman thirty-three dollars for her first selection, which, owing to the blemish, he thought best to accept, notwithstanding a rule of the house that no goods should be marked down. The shawl was then neatly enveloped, the hundred dollar bill again brought forth, and the change carefully put away, when the lady stepped into the carriage and was rapidly driven away.

A few hours later when the cashier went to the bank, he was surprised to learn that the hundred dollar bill was a counterfeit.—The truth flashed upon him in an instant. The lady had given the salesman a genuine bill the first time, and afterwards substituted for it the counterfeit. She is an entire stranger, has not been seen since, and probably never will be again, at least in that establishment.—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

TRENTON, June 5.—Samuel D. Ingham, Secretary of the Treasury under Gen. Jackson, died here to-day, aged 81 years.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

MONDAY, JUNE 11, 1860.

The People's Candidates.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,

HANNIBAL HAMLIN,

OF MAINE

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR,

ANDREW G. CURTIN,

Of Centre County.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

THERE will be a meeting of the County Committee of the PEOPLE'S PARTY, on Saturday, the 23d day of June inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M., at the Eagle Hotel, in Gettysburg. A full attendance is requested.

R. C. SWOPE, Ch'n.

D. McCONAUGHY, Sec'y.

COUNTY COMMITTEE.

David A. Buehler,	Franklin Hersh,
John Scott,	Abraham Reever,
Henry Comfort,	William Young,
T. B. Picking,	John Cunningham,
Charles Horner,	Rufus C. Swope,
D. McConaughy,	James Davis,
David Schriver,	John D. Becker,
Henry Lott,	William Grayson,
Daniel S. Barnitz,	Abel T. Wright,
Cornelius Lott,	Samuel Sadler,
John N. Boyer,	Dr. C. Blish,
F. S. Hildebrand,	Henry Mickley,
Cornelius B. Hanes,	Samuel P. Young,
Abraham Ziegler,	Edward Stahl

June 11. td

Desirable Residence.

The very handsome and tastefully arranged residence of Rev. Dr. BAUGHER, north of the Borough, and partly within the Borough limits, is in the market, as will be seen by an advertisement in our paper to-day. It is beautifully located, commanding a handsome view of Gettysburg and the surrounding country, and is in every particular a very desirable spot for a home—combining, as it does, both town and country. The Doctor, being President of the College, takes possession of the new residence in the Campus, and, in consequence, desires to part with his present home.

☞A hailstorm passed over a large section of our county on Monday evening last Fortunately there was but little wind, so that the damage done was but trifling.

The storm was very severe in Franklin county, destroying whole fields of grain and grass. The heaviest damage was sustaned by farmers living in Southampton township In Shippensburg there was a frightful destruction of glass in all the windows that were exposed to the storm. Hailstones were gathered up so large that nine of them weighed seventeen ounces.

☞Hon. E. McPHERSON, of Gettysburg, Hon. J. R. EDIE, of Somerset, and Col. McCLURE, of Chambersburg, addressed a large and enthusiastic meeting in Philadelphia on Thursday evening last

☞Congress has resolved to adjourn on Monday next, June 18. The Senate on Thursday last, refused to take up the bill for the admission of Kansas as a State.

HORSE KILLED.—During a thunder storm on Wednesday week, a horse belonging to Mr SAMUEL DEARDORFF, of Straban township, was killed by lightning in the field. The young man engaged in ploughing corn with the animal, had intended to leave the field for the barn because of the threatening character of the approaching storm, but before reaching the bars, the horse was struck and instantly killed.—The young man escaped with slight injury, one of his arms being somewhat bruised.—*Comp.*

☞Mr. CHARLES TRONE, of Hanover, met with a sudden and unexpected death on Monday last. He took the cars for Baltimore, and as they were starting from the Depot, he was standing on the platform, and leaning forward, it is presumed by some that his head came in contact with a telegraph post, and by others that he lost his hold and fell to the ground. His skull was so badly fractured that he lingered but a short time afterwards. He was a most worthy young man, and leaves a widowed mother and a large circle of brothers and sisters to mourn his sad death.

EXTENSIVE SALE OF TIMBER LAND.—The present proprietors of the property known as the "Carlisle Iron Works Estate," sold a portion of the timber land at public sale on the 31st of May and 1st of June. Five of the tracts were situated in Adams county, and thirteen in Cumberland county. The sales amounted to $17,158; one tract of 150 acres was sold to Jacob Mumma of Mechanicsburg, at $31 an acre.

WARM WEATHER.—The weather is decidedly hot down South. On Monday, at New Orleans, the thermometer in the shade is reported to have stood at 98 degrees. At Charleston, on the same day, it got up as high as 92.

☞The Fayette *Observer*, published in Fayette county, Illinois, formerly Democratic, but more recently neutral, last week hoisted the Lincoln flag, and promises its hearty support for him. Fayette county is the heart of Egypt, and this change shows how strong Lincoln is in that hitherto benighted region.

The John Brown Affair.

The Harper's Ferry Committee have suspended operations. The mountain has been in labor and brought forth a mouse. It is supposed that the majority will present a report, though no notice has yet been given of any such intention. Still it would never do for such a committee to die and make no sign. They must leave some memorial to mark the event, and will doubtless endeavor to make the most out of very scanty materials. The idea upon which the committee started out, of a supposed complicity of influential northern men with the John Brown raid, is now admitted to be erroneous. There is an entire absence of proof to inculpate anybody but the few crazy zealots and demented fanatics who engaged in that criminal enterprise, most of whom have gone to their long and dread account, unanointed and unanealed."

☞The large barn belonging to the heirs of Thomas Craighead, dec'd., in South Middleton township, Cumberland county, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday night week. Eight fine horses perished in the flames, and a quantity of grain, hay, straw, farming implements, &c., were also consumed. It is believed the barn was set on fire.

☞The steamer Persia sailed from New York for Liverpool on Wednesday, with 240 passengers and over a million of dollars in specie.

☞Senator Nunemacher died at his residence near Shartlesville, Berks county, on Monday last, after a protracted illness.—This will require the election of a Senator for one year from Berks county this fall.

PUTRID SORE THROAT.—This singular and fatal disease has de olated many households in various parts of the State. In Conowago township, York county, five persons died in one family, and two others are now down with the disease. Another family buried ten of its members within a short time. The disease attacks adults and children alike, and is attended with an alarming degree of fatality.

☞"Who is Lincoln?"—*Oswego Palladium.*

☞"The ablest lawyer in Illinois, and the smartest stump speaker in the Union; an earnest and honest man who believes what he professes, and who will carry out what he undertakes."—*Senator Douglas.*

☞During the famous contest for the United States Senate, in 1858, at one of the discussions between Lincoln and the "Little Giant," Douglas twitted Abe a little upon his homeliness. Mr Lincoln took it in good humor, and explained to the audience somewhat in this wise why he was not a good-looking man: "My friends, during my infancy I was considered the handsomest child in the whole neighborhood. The ladies, far and near, borrowed me merely to feast their eyes on me, as the most beautiful and perfect thing that they had ever seen One day, one of them, intending to do me a kindness, set me down upon a prairie, that I might revel in my childish glee upon the soft grass. Unfortunately for my-self, she forgot all about me, and I was suffered to remain out all night. The dew warped me, destroyed all my beauty, and left me just as you behold me now." The explanation was deemed perfectly satisfactory.

HOW OLD ABE RECEIVED THE NEWS.—When the news of the nomination was received in Springfield, Mr. LINCOLN was in the *State Journal* office. A boy came headlong into the room where he was sitting, with a sealed dispatch, which he placed in his hand. Mr. LINCOLN opened it and a sudden pallor came over his features. He gazed upon it intently nearly three minutes. Then his customary smile returned, and he rose, saying: "Well, boys, there is a little woman down at our house who is interested in this business;" and walked away without any further appearance of agitation, to inform Mrs. LINCOLN of the joyful news.

☞*Lincoln green* has suddenly become the fashionable color in New York, since the Chicago nominations; whereat the Republicans are mightily tickled, saying that it is good for the cure of Democratic *blues.*—*Balt. Patriot.*

☞There was a grand and imposing demonstration at Baltimore, on Friday, on the occasion of the visit of the Japanese. There was a brilliant display of Military, Firemen, &c, and an exhibition of Steam Fire-Engines, and Fire Works. The throng of people was very great. A number of our citizens were down to witness the scene.—The Japanese went to Philadelphia on Saturday.

NEW YORK, June 8.—The steamship Africa, from Liverpool on the 26th, arrived here to-day. There is no confirmation of the report that Garibaldi had entered Palermo. The latest news from that city is dated on the 23d ult., and announces that the troops of Garibaldi were still in position near Palermo. Some twenty thousand insurgents occupied the heights which commanded the town, and an attack was momentarily expected. Another despatch received at Turin, dated Palermo, on the 24th, says Garibaldi had approached near Palermo, the heights around which were occupied by the insurgents, and an attack was imminent. Gen. Larza, who commanded the Neapolitan troops, had demanded an armistice.

More Disclosures.

Mr. Covode's Committee are on the track of naturalization frauds in this State in 1856, by which 6,000 votes were manufactured, and Mr. Buchanan's election thus secured. There is strong reason to believe that some of his principal office-holders were engaged in that nefarious transaction, or at least privy to its success, by furnishing means and causing papers to be distributed. The bottom of that villainy and its contrivers have yet to be reached.

The Committee have also, it is stated, discovered that 1200 men were taken from New York to Connecticut at the late election to vote the Democratic ticket.

What a bloated, festering mass of corruption the dominant party and its officials have become! There seems to be no line long enough to fathom the depth of iniquity which the present Administration has reached.

One day last week, Patrick Lafferty, of Philadelphia, finding that he was to be brought before the bar of the House, concluded to answer the question put by Mr. Covode in Committee, which he had previously refused to do. He stated that the witness, Edward Power, who had sworn to entire ignorance of any knowledge of a connection with fraudulent naturalization papers, had told him that Mr. Baker, Superintendent of the Columbia Railroad, and now Collector of Philadelphia, *conveyed a trunk containing fraudulent naturalization papers to the depot and carried them up the road!*

Return of Mr. Seward.

Mr. Seward returned to Washington on Tuesday night and resumed his seat in the Senate on Wednesday. He says emphatically that all the pretended hopes of the Democracy resulting from the disappointment of his friends are absurd, and that whoever may be the candidate at Baltimore he will be defeated by 70,000 in New York. When he appeared in his seat, he was cordially welcomed by his political friends But the most noticeable feature was the sudden and affectionate interest exhibited by the Democratic side, who swarmed around him. The very men who deliberately, gratuitously and insultingly withheld their recognition upon his return from Europe, and who had concocted a programme of persecution for the campaign in expectation of his nomination, were foremost in the greeting. The motive is well understood.

Lincoln in the South.

However much opposed the Slave States may be to certain planks in the Chicago Platform, many of the papers there speak of the nomination of Mr. LINCOLN in just and kindly terms. They regard him as an old line Whig—a disciple of HENRY CLAY—and as a man of conservative views upon the agitating questions of the day They also admit his ability and honesty This is more than might have been expected in that quarter on any nominations that could have been made at Chicago, and savors of a re-assurance on the part of right-thinking people in the South as to friendly feeling hitherward It would seem that the Chicago Convention made no mistake in its nominations

The Price of the New York Herald.

It is well remembered that the New York *Herald* opposed Buchanan in his canvass, and advocated Fremont. It was so hard upon the old sinner that he wanted somebody to cut Bennett's ears off, to make him some sense After the election, however, he changed his tactics. He wanted the Herald to help cover the rascalities of his Administration. The editor of the Knoxville *Whig*, writing from Washington, says:

Forney testifies that Buchanan stipulated with Bennett, of the Herald, to give him ten thousand dollars per year, for the four years of his administration, to support and defend him. Forney says the contract was made with Bennett *by him*, before himself and Buchanan fell out It was, no doubt, to meet these payments that poor Fowler was drawn upon. What an unmitigated pack of thieves!

"That's the way the money goes."

TO AMERICANS AND OLD WHIGS—The Fort Wayne (Indiana) *Times*, which has heretofore been identified with the American party, has determined to support the Republican nominees. The article announcing the decision has the following:

"The path of duty is clear so long as a man of such antecedents and such conservatism as Abraham Lincoln is in the field the nominee of a powerful party of probable success. To these suggestions we direct all our friends—Whig and American—and would that they pledge an honest support to Mr Lincoln—believing that, if elected, his administration will be wise, eminently conservative, honest and national"

☞*The Buffalo Express* publishes the following extract from a letter from an Old Whig, of Boston:

"Your Chicago ticket is bound to sweep the country. It will equal the hard-cider times of 1840, or the 'Rough and Ready' of a later period. I hear on all sides a general 'caving in' or rolling off the fence of hundreds of Old Whigs and others who, for the last six or eight years, have followed no one's lead, and know not where they belonged or where to go. We (for I am one of them) now think there can be no mistake, and that the Chicago ticket is bound to succeed."

☞Every Opposition paper in Indiana supports Lincoln, including eight or ten which supported Fillmore in 1856.

An Obscure Partisan.

The official organ of Buchanan, the Washington *Constitution*, does not like the nomination of the Republicans. It says that "LINCOLN is a mere obscure partisan, utterly unknown in the higher annals of American politics." If Mr. Buchanan's Administration is a sample of what is to be expected from candidates who are known "in the higher annals of American politics," may the country for ever be saved from any more of them. Mr. Lincoln may be an "obscure partisan," in not being initiated and involved in the quagmire of corruptions which is making Mr. Buchanan's career infamous, but we think it is one of the greatest compliments that can be paid him, that he is not thus known in the "higher annals," and it is one of the strongest arguments in favor of his election, that he comes from the people, fresh, honest and uncontaminated. The times demand just such a President.

A Printer for Vice President.

Hannibal Hamlin commenced life as a farmer boy, and afterwards became a printer, and continued "setting up type" till he commenced the study of law. He was admitted to the bar in 1833, when he was 24 years of age LINCOLN and HAMLIN, alike in many points of character, and within a few months of the same age, both arose from the humble but honorable occupations of working men. Both commenced life on the farm; both struggled through a youth of work and difficulties to an honorable manhood; both have been the "architects of their own fortunes;" both are eminently "self-made men." It is such men the people love to honor Two former boys of 1809 will be at the head of the National Government in 1861.

IMMENSE EMIGRATION TO PIKE'S PEAK—Three thousand and four teams, averaging five men to each, were met on the road to Pike's Peak last week, by the Platte route, between Denver and Kearney.—Over six hundred teams were met between Fort Kearney and the Missouri river—making three thousand more. It is estimated that five thousand had already arrived, showing a total of twenty-three thousand—It requires some calculation to estimate the precious metal which will satisfy the cupidity of this horde of gold seekers

☞A young woman, named Henrietta Fuller, met with an awful death, last Saturday, in a satinet factory, in South Belchertown, Mass, where she was employed.—Her clothes caught in the machinery, and she was carried around a shaft, revolving at the rate of over one hundred revolutions per minute. With every revolution her head struck upon the strong iron frame work which supported the regulator, crushing her forehead and forcing her eyes from their sockets, while her body and limbs were shockingly mangled and broken. The cask and the ceiling were covered with marks of the catastrophe, and the body was so firmly bound to the shaft that her steel skirts were cut with chisels before she could be liberated.

DEATH AT A VERY OLD AGE.—Mrs. Marie Post, of Patterson, N. J., died last Sunday at the age of one hundred and six years She was born in that neighborhood in 1754, and at the age of twenty-two married Capt Post, an officer in the American army, with whom she lived till 1847, when he died, aged ninety-seven years. Forty of her descendants, including several great-great-grandchildren and a daughter eighty-one years old, attended Mrs Post's funeral.

DIED WHILE DANCING.—A young man, named Frank Stanhope, attended a dance in Conway, Mass., a few evenings since, and while dancing and playing a flute at the same time fell dead upon the floor.—The selectmen suspected foul work, and had his body disinterred, when it was found an artery had been broken near the top of the head, which probably caused his death.

DETROIT, June 2.—A fire occurred at St. Joseph, Mich., on Wednesday last, and destroyed fifteen buildings, including half the business portion of the place. Loss $30,000. It was the work of an incendiary.

☞The Pittsburg *Gazette* states that a man named Brant, a resident of Shanksville, Somerset county, ate 21 boiled eggs at one meal, a few days since, but his digestive organs were unable to do the work assigned them, and the man died a victim to his gluttony.

☞It was Colonel Benton's eccentric remark, that Mr. Douglas' coat tail was too near the ground, to be President. Mr. Lincoln being six feet four inches in height, is not liable to that objection, at all events.

☞They use strong language in Ohio. *The Herald and Times*, a Democratic journal of Toledo, Ohio, in abusing a Republican meeting held there, says that "the speakers were all courteous enough and respectful in their remarks, except the mutton-headed sheep thief who has been quartered upon the State, at the Canal Weighmaster's office; he, as is ever his wont, whenever he obtrudes his low-bred jackassical brayings upon an audience in this city, completely disgusts it"

EXTRAORDINARY FAMILY.—Mr. Josiah and Mrs. Hannah P. Fogg celebrated their fiftieth anniversary of their wedded life a few days since in Exeter, N. H. It is stated, in connection with this interesting event, that *not an adult member of the family has died in fifty years*, and that every one of the family—children and grand-children—were present, gathered in from several distant States.

A "HELL" ROBBED.—A faro bank in Boston, Mass., was entered last Sunday night week, and robbed of $7000. The robbers, it is thought, were victims of the "Tiger."

☞In all the course of his practice as a lawyer in Illinois, Abraham Lincoln was never known to accept a retainer in an unrighteous cause.

Distressing Case of Suicide.

[From the Baltimore Patriot, June 4.]

One among the most melancholy cases of suicide that we have been called to notice, took place on Saturday afternoon last, near the Woodbury dam, about three miles from this city, on the line of the Northern Central Railway. The particulars in reference to this sad occurrence are as follows, as far as we have been able to ascertain: It appears that a young lady, Mrs. Sarah Rebecca Davis, who for some time past has been residing with a relative, Mr. Wm. Warfield, on Hollins street, near Republican, left the city in the three o'clock train for the Woodbury Mills, where she designed remaining for a short time. Upon reaching the place, she walked out along the bank of Jones' Falls, in company with one of her cousins, Mrs. Celina January. They proceeded for several miles along the bed of the track, and upon getting near the dam of the factory, Mrs. Davis observed to her cousin that the place was well adapted for the purpose of committing suicide, and she intended to try the experiment. Mrs. January, supposing her remarks were made in jest, paid little or no attention to her. The deceased then threw a stone into the water, and upon the approach of a train of cars, threw herself from the bed of the track down the embankment, which at that point is at least thirty feet deep. The top of her head struck the sharp point of a rock, which fractured the skull to such an extent as to cause the brain to protrude.

After striking upon the rock the deceased fell into the Falls, and did not rise to the surface until a number of persons reached the ground for the purpose of rescuing the body. Upon conveying it to a place of safety, Justice Peregoy was informed of the fact, and summoning a jury, a verdict of suicide by drowning was rendered. The body was brought here on Saturday evening in the regular passenger train and conveyed to the residence of Mr. Warfield. The face is horribly disfigured. About one year ago, the deceased married a person named Samuel H. Davis, who is now doing business at Hancock, Maryland, and it is quite apparent that domestic troubles induced her to commit the rash act.—Previous to leaving the house of Mr. Warfield, she sat down in her room and wrote a long letter to her husband. This letter breathes the most tender spirit of affection, and concludes with good advice to her husband, reminding him of the personal responsibilities of every one, exhorting him to lead a good life and to meet her in Heaven. The deceased was a woman of the most amiable character, and her untimely end is deeply regretted by a large circle of friends.

GAMBLING IN MEMPHIS, TENN.—The Grand Jury of Memphis, Tennessee, recently sent a paper to the Board of Aldermen of that city, calling attention to the great number of faro-banks in open operation in that city. They say: "We understand also from reliable information, that at the present time there are as many as three hundred, perhaps four hundred, travelling thieves in the city of Memphis This class of the community are outlawed and depraved persons, who follow in the wake of these gambling establishments and live by their predatory and unhallowed practices upon the innocent and unwary, and especially upon the strangers visiting the city. Many of these last class act as runners and inveiglers for these faro-banks, and, when other devices fail, they resort to that most desperate of all other highway robberies, the power of the garotte."

DESTRUCTION OF A RAILROAD TRAIN.—A correspondent, writing from Springfield, Illinois, under date of May 19, gives the following description of a scene he witnessed near that place:

"Eighty-eight miles from Chicago is Spring Creek. There we passed a wrecked engine, tender and three cars, tumbled down the embankment and made into old iron and oven-wood Those who do not believe in the depravity of the human heart will please listen to the story. A conductor put too hard-looking fellows off the train one day the week previous. They swore revenge, and on the night of the 17th stole a crowbar from the company, removed a rail with the intention of precipitating the train into the creek, and then lay down in the woods to behold with fiendish delight the fatal plunge. On came the train in the darkness, and in an instant all was a wreck. Strange to say, though there were sixty persons on board—though the cars were broken almost beyond possibility of repair, no one was injured! The miscreants rushed out to obtain plunder, but were disappointed, and subsequently found themselves in the hands of the officers of justice."

☞Mrs. Jane Elizabeth Jones, one of the speakers at the recent Woman's Rights Convention in New York, was somewhat severe upon the masculines who flourish in the atmosphere of millinery stores. Hear her:

"The other day she saw a man milliner holding up a bonnet on his soft hands and expiating on its merits. A lady tried it on and he went into ecstacies, it was such a fit and so becoming! He complimented the bonnet and then he complimented the lady. She could but think this man was out of his sphere. In a shoe store, instead of a sprightly girl to try on woman's gaiters, you find a strong man who fusses over the gaiter and over the foot until the young lady is almost tempted to propel him into his true sphere [Laughter.] When and where was it discovered that God made man to fit ladies' gaiters. [Laughter."]

CATTLE DISEASE IN PENNSYLVANIA.—The disease which is now destroying so many cattle in the New England States, is said to have made its appearance in some of the lower counties of Pennsylvania. Within a short time a farmer in Bucks county lost nearly all of his valuable herd of cows, of a complaint said to resemble very much the dreaded cattle disease. If it should turn out to be this malady, it will cause great alarm among the farmers, and the necessary steps should be immediately taken to ascertain its true character.

CATTARAUGUS, N. Y., June 1.—A destructive tornado occurred here on Wednesday, by which six houses were demolished, the railroad depot unroofed, and other damage done, amounting to $25,000. Several persons were dangerously injured. The tornado also passed through Waverly, injuring almost every building within its sweep. One man was killed, and several others badly hurt.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

The Tornado in Illinois and Iowa---Awful Destruction of Life and Property.

CHICAGO, June 5.—The tornado of Sunday was first noticed between Marion and Cedar rapids, in Luin county, Iowa, going from northwest to southeast in three separate currents, crossing the track of the Chicago railroad several times. The Lisbon depot buildings and all the warehouses in the vicinity were entirely demolished. A train of ten freight cars, heavily loaded, were lifted bodily from the track and dashed to pieces. Before striking Lisbon the storm killed sixteen persons. One current passed north, through Mechaniesville, demolishing everything in its course, and killing sixteen persons. Another current passed Union Grove, killing in that vicinity seventeen persons. It then passed south of the railroad, near Dewitt, killing twenty-seven persons, six of whom belonged to the family of Thomas Hatfield.

It then passed south of Romersa and Lowmoor, demolishing the house of David Millard, killing him and a portion of his family. The storm then struck the town of Camanche, on the Mississippi, at which point the loss of life was much greater than at first reported. Not less than fifty-five persons were killed at that place alone, and one hundred and twenty-five were wounded—some of them fatally. Ten are also missing. At this place a large timber raft on the river, with a crew of twenty-four men and two women, was broken up and scattered. Twenty-one of the men and both of the women were lost.

The tornado traveled over a distance of ninety miles in Iowa and seventy in Illinois. The loss of life is supposed to be about one hundred and fifty.

Yesterday two trains ran every hour from Clinton to the scene of the disaster for the relief of the sufferers.

ST. LOUIS, June 5.—A storm on Saturday last was severely felt at Alton, Illinois. The total loss will exceed $100,000. The German Catholic church was made a complete wreck. The Democratic office was damaged; the Episcopal church lost its steeple and was otherwise badly damaged. The steeple of the Methodist church fell through the roof, and the building was greatly damaged. Much damage was also done by hail. Many narrow escapes are reported, but no lives were lost. Northern Missouri also suffered extensively.

WASHINGTON, June 5.—A terrible gale passed over this place this morning. Its course was from southwest to northwest—Several houses were unroofed, fences and chimneys were prostrated, and the river steamers and sailing vessels were damaged. Fortunately no lives were lost

BLOODY BATTLE WITH THE INDIANS—AMERICAN VOLUNTEERS UTTERLY DEFEATED.—A telegraphic dispatch from St. Josephs, Missouri, dated June 1, states that the Pony Express had just arrived from California, and brings intelligence of trouble with the Indians in Carson's Valley, in the vicinity of the gold mines, who murdered several Americans while asleep, causing great excitement and the organization of two companies of volunteers, under the command of Major Ormsby, numbering 105 men, all well mounted, who went in pursuit of the Indians. On the 12th of May, they came upon the Indians at a bend of the Quickie river, 65 miles northwards towards Pyramid Lake, from Virginia city. The Indians were in ambush at Narrow Pass, through which Major Ormsby's party were proceeding, and numbered about five hundred, having plenty of fire-arms, ammunition, and five hundred horses within convenient distance. They opened fire upon the troops from their safe-hiding place. Major Ormsby ordered a charge, but the Indians continued to skulk, firing from behind the rocks and bushes, doing much damage, but suffering much in return.—This condition of things continued for two days, when the ammunition of Major Ormsby's party gave out. The Indians seeing this closed upon them, pouring in volley after volley, killing many on the spot.—The balance retreated, scattering in all directions. The Indians pursued them for twenty-five or thirty miles, cutting off many detached parties. The stragglers came into Virginia city during the two subsequent days. The exact number of killed has not been ascertained, but it probably exceeds fifty. Among the slain are Major Ormsby, Harry Meredith, a distinguished California lawyer, Wm. L. Speer, Richard Snowden, Wm. Arrington, Charles McLeod, John F. Coning, S. Anderson, Andrew Scealled, M. Knezarwitch, John Gormbo, A. K. Elliot, W. Hawkins, George Jones, Wm. McIntosh, C. McNaughton. The total known to be killed is 21; wounded 3; fate unknown 43; returned alive 38. Wagons have been sent out to pick up any of the wounded that may be found, and an armed force to protect the parties burying the dead.

At Placerville and Sacramento the people assembled and raised $3,900, and fitted out a company of well armed volunteers, who started from Placerville on their way over the mountains on the 14th. On the 15th one hundred and fifty volunteers started out from Downerville, and another company from Nevada. All the principal military companies in the State expressed their readiness to embark on the same day. The State authorities despatched 200 stand of arms, with a good supply of ammunition.—General Clark, commanding the Pacific division of the U. S. Army, despatched from San Francisco on the 14th, 150 U. S. troops, being all the available men in Central California, with 500 stand of arms and 100,000 rounds of ammunition. He also sent orders that the hundred U. S. soldiers, stationed at Honey Lake, 100 miles north of Carson Valley, should proceed to the Pyramid Lake region, and aid in suppressing the hostilities. The movements warrant the belief that there are not less than 300 well armed volunteers from California, and 160 U. S. troops ready for duty in the eastern slope of the mountains. A good account, should they come up with the Indians, will no doubt, be given of themselves.

IRISH EMIGRATION.—The Munster (Ireland) News, of May 9, says: In one day of the past week twelve American letters were received in the post office of one parish of West Clare. The letters contained remittances of money sent by relatives to pay the passages of residents of the parish; and since St. Patrick's day last over one hundred of the best of the people in that single parish have left for America. This will afford an idea of the emigration.

☞John D. Defrees, writing to the Indianapolis *Journal*, says:

Twenty years ago I was a looker-on at the doings of Congress. The two men who attracted the most attention were William Cost Johnson, of Maryland, and Thomas F. Marshall, of Kentucky. They were the most brilliant orators—the "observed of all observers." Mr. Johnson died a few days ago in Maryland, a pauper and an outcast, unnoticed and unlamented. The papers, a few days ago, informed us that Mr. Marshall is an inmate of a hospital at Buffalo, diseased and miserable, and about to die.—Intemperance, of course, is the cause of all this.

Dar Now.

An Ohio member of the House being asked how he liked the nomination, replied by telling a story. A traveller in the Southwest once asked a boy how far it was to a certain town. The darkey replied: "Well sah, wid an oddinery hoss, it am 'bout sixteen miles; wid a right smart nag, it 'ul be 'bout eight miles; but wid Massa Jim's hoss, *you'r dar now!*" "So," said the Ohio Congressman, "with Seward we should have had a hard road to travel; with Ben Wade, we should have been pretty sure of winning the race, having no dead weights, but with Honest Old Abe, *we're there now!*"

FATAL WORK OF LIGHTNING.—During a shower on Wednesday, at Newport, N. H., the lightning struck the house occupied by Mrs. Ebenezer Hazleton, in Sunapee, and instantly killed Mrs. Hazleton. She was about 65 years of age. Six years ago a son of her's was killed on a railroad; soon after, a nephew was drowned; five years ago her husband took his own life, and now the wife and mother, by a violent death, is sent to meet her kindred in eternity.

☞The New Orleans coroner's report for the past quarter exhibits a frightful advance in crime in that city. Within the period named inquests have been held upon the bodies of forty persons, male and female, who came to their death by violence. Several cases where no decision has been given by the coroner's jury the report mentions as being under consideration. These added to the number make a fearful catalogue.

☞Accounts from Key West say the captured Africans are dying so fast that not more than 700 or 800 will be left to send back out of all the cargoes.

☞It is estimated that over 10,000 barrels of oil are now ready for market in the oil regions of Northwestern Pennsylvania.

☞The New Jersey peach crop promises better. The Newark Journal says it will turn out well.

☞The Holidaysburg *Register*, Huntingdon *American*, and Clarion *Banner*, all of which supported Fillmore in 1856, have now run up the Lincoln flag. Blair, Huntingdon and Clarion—the three counties in which these papers are published—all gave a heavy vote for Fillmore.

A Caterpillar for a Pet.

If any of our readers who have now an utter aversion to every species of worm, will, during this month, take one of the largest specimens, such as they term the *ugliest*, put him in a secure place, supply him daily with such leaves as he likes, and minutely observe his changes as they occur, they will soon become interested, and derive pleasure from what was disgusting before. A pasteboard box, containing a little earth, with a gauze cover to admit air, will answer every purpose. In this the pet caterpillar will cast his skin, weave his winding sheet, change to a winged insect, and come out in a beautiful dress, and thus reward you for your trouble.

CUMBERLAND TP., May 10, 1860.

Messrs SHEADS & BUEHLER—GENTLEMEN:—Having purchased and used during the last season, the N. Jersey Reaper and Mower, I desire to add my testimony to that already given, as to its value and efficiency as a combined machine. For good work, either in grass or grain, I believe it has no superior, indeed in grass, I unhesitatingly say it is far better than any other machine, and for lightness of draft it is certainly better than any machine I have yet seen. The objection to other machines, that they rest heavily on the horses' neck, is obviated in the "N. Jersey," the weight on the horses being little or nothing

Yours, &c., JOSEPH WALKER.

☞In addition to the above certificate, we refer the reader to JOHN MESSERSMAN, Esq., of Hamiltonban township, and JOHN ROW, of Cumberland, whose testimony to the efficiency and value of the N. Jersey Reaper and Mower will be cheerfully given. S. & B

☞SHEADS & BUEHLER are also Agents for the celebrated Kirby's Reaper and Mower.

Married,

At the Lutheran parsonage, at Arendtsville, on the 31st ult., by the Rev. J. K. Miller, Mr. HENRY HAHN to Miss ANNA MARY CATHARINE POWEL—both of Franklin township.

On the 20th ult., by the same, Mr. SAMUEL FITZGERALD to Miss SUSAN BREMEL—all of Adams county.

On the 7th ult., by the Rev. L. J. Miller, Mr. VINCENT WILLDERS to Miss SUSAN STRASBAUGH—both of Adams county.

On the 24th ult., by the Rev. P. Willard, Rev. DANIEL KLOSS, late of the Theological Seminary at Gettysburg, Pa., to Miss JANE KLOSS, of Walker township, Juniata co., Pa.

Died,

On the 31st ult., Mr. LEBRIGHT E. HARTZELL, of Butler township, aged 40 years and 7 months.

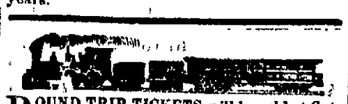
On the 5th inst., JOHN WM. SALTZGIVER, of Straban township, aged 31 years 2 months and 13 days.

On Wednesday last, in this Borough, Mr. CONRAD SNYDER, aged 54 years 9 months and 19 days.

On the 14th of April, after a short but painful illness of 10 days, of inflammation of the brain, MARY CATHARINE VIRGINIA, daughter of Alexander and Sarah A. Hikes, aged 6 years 9 months and 10 days.

On the 21st ult., at Abbottstown, this county, Mr. SAMUEL HANER, aged 66 years and 23 days.

On the 20th of April, Miss ROSANNA GALBRAITH, of Butler township, aged about 75 years.



ROUND TRIP TICKETS will be sold at Gettysburg for Baltimore on Saturday next, and from that until the adjournment of the Democratic Convention, good for the return until one day after the adjournment of the Convention. Price for the round trip $3.15—being a reduction on regular fare of one third.

June 11. R. McCURDY, PRES'T.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT.

Intrinsic virtue alone could insure the success which this article has attained. For Rheumatism, Salt Rheum, Burns, Bruises, Stiff Joints, or Galls, Sprains, Poll Evil, and Swellings upon Horses, it has no equal. No person will be without it who has once tested its value. "And with reference to the general estimation of the Mustang Liniment, I can cheerfully say that no article ever performed so many cures in our neighborhood as this. L. W. SMITH, Rid.field, Conn." S. LITCH, Esq., Hyde Park, Vt., writes, "that the horse was considered worthless, (his care was spavin), but since the free use of the Mustang Liniment I have sold him for $150. Your Liniment is doing wonders up here." Such testimony is reaching us every day. The half is not told: Every family should have it. Beware of IMITATIONS. The genuine Mustang is sold by all respectable dealers throughout the world.

BARNES & PARR,
June 4. Proprietors, New York.

The Great English Remedy!

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills,

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

THIS well known medicine is no imposition, but a sure and safe remedy for Female Difficulties and Obstructions, from any cause whatever, and although a powerful remedy, it contains nothing hurtful to the constitution.

To Married Ladies it is peculiarly suited. It will in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Heaviness, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Lowness of Spirits, Hysterics, Sick Headache, Whites and all the painful diseases incumbent to a delicate system, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed.

These Pills have never been known to fail where the directions on the 2nd page of pamphlet are well observed.

For further particulars, get a pamphlet, free, of the agent.

N. B.—$1 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized agent, will insure a bottle, containing over 50 pills by return mail.

Sold by A. D. BUEHLER, Gettysburg. [June 13—1y

The Markets.

GETTYSBURG—SATURDAY LAST.

Superfine Flour	$5 25
Red Wheat	1 12 to 1 17
White Wheat	1 20 to 1 25
Corn, old Yellow	60
Rye	70
Rye Flour	3 50
Buckwheat	60
Buckwheat Meal	2 00
Clover Seed	3 75 to 4 00
Timothy Seed	1 50 to 1 75
Flax Seed	1 20
Barley	60
Oats	33
Plaster of Paris, per ton	6 25
Do. per bag	1 00
Guano per hundred	1 25 to 3 25

BALTIMORE—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour	$5 50 to 5 62
Wheat	1 30 to 1 60
Rye	86 to 88
Corn	70 to 75
Oats	40 to 42
Cloverseed	4 50 to 5 00
Timothyseed	3 25 to 3 50
Beef Cattle	4 00 to 5 12
Hay, (in Bundles)	12 00 to 15 00
Do. (loose)	12 00 to 14 00

YORK—FRIDAY LAST.

Flour, per Barrel	5 50
Wheat, per Bushel	1 10@1 30
Rye	80
Corn	58
Oats	37
Clover Seed	4 25
Timothy Seed	2 25
Plaster of Paris, per ton	6 50

HANOVER—THURSDAY LAST.

Flour per bbl, from Wagons	5 00
Wheat, per Bushel	1 20@1 25
Rye	85
Corn	50
Oats	36
Clover Seed	4 25
Timothy Seed	2 00
Plaster Paris, per ton	6 25

Private Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale the Property on which he now resides, consisting of the HOUSE and OUT-BUILDINGS, and about 27 *Acres of Land*. The land is in a high state of cultivation, having on it running water, and about 300 fruit-bearing trees. Much of the land lies within the limits of the Borough, furnishing admirable sites for Building Lots. The property will be sold either as a whole, or in parts to suit purchasers.

For additional information and terms apply, on the premises, to the subscriber.

H. L. BAUGHER.

June 11. 2m

☞The Star and Compiler will publish two months, and the Baltimore Weekly Sun one month, and charge this office

To Teachers.

THE School Directors of the Borough of Gettysburg will meet on THURSDAY THE 5TH OF JULY NEXT, to select Teachers for the Public Schools of said Borough. All applications must be made on or before that date.

By order of the Board,

D. A. BUEHLER, SECRETARY.

June 11.—3t

Clerk of the Courts.

THE undersigned is a Candidate for the Office of Clerk of the Courts—subject to the decision of the People's Convention.—Should I be nominated, I will use all honorable means to secure an election, and if elected, will discharge the duties of the office with promptness and fidelity.

WM. T. KING.

Gettysburg, June 11. tc

Election---Ever Green Cemetery.

AN Election for a President and Seven Managers of Ever Green Cemetery Association, to serve for one year, will be held on the 18th day of June inst., (1860) between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day, at McConaughy's Hall in the Borough of Gettysburg. D. McCONAUGHY,

June 11. *Pres'l.*

Harness! Harness!

THE undersigned has commenced the Harness Making business, in Carlisle street, east side, near the Railroad Station, where he hopes to receive a share of the public's patronage. I pledge myself to make the very best work, at moderate prices. Try me.

Repairing of Harness, Saddles, Gears, and so on, done on short notice, in the best manner, and cheap. HENRY HUGHES.

Gettysburg, June 11. tf

The Great California Sea Lion

NOW on exhibition at Barnum's Museum, is no longer a curiosity, when compared with the exceeding low prices of Pictures taken at Weaver's Photographic Car, which has at last come to Gettysburg, and is situated in the South-west corner of the Diamond, directly in front of Mr. Schick's Variety Store, where Mr. W. is happy to invite all his old patrons and the public generally, as he is now fully prepared to accommodate them with good and truthful Likenesses, in all the various styles of the Art—having recently secured the services of E. H. Bohlmo, of New York, who has had several years of practical experience in all of its branches.—Photographs, Ambrotypes, Enameled types, Ambrographs, Melaineotypes, Stereoscopes, &c, taken at the lowest rates. Autograph Portraits—12 for $1—suitable for visiting cards, to send by mail, &c. Old and faded Daguerreotypes enlarged and copied, pictures taken for rings, breastpins, lockets, &c.

Please call and examine specimens and then judge.

P. S. Views of Buildings, Landscapes, Farms, &c.; also deceased persons taken.

June 11. SAMUEL WEAVER,

ALL kinds of pictures neatly and expeditiously copied by TYSON & BRO., Gettysburg.

The Mutual Life Insurance

COMPANY OF NEW YORK.—Assets: Over Six Millions of Dollars, invested in first Mortgages on Real Estate, worth over $13 000,000.

The premiums are LOWER than in many other Companies, and the Dividends have been GREATER.

This is a strictly MUTUAL Company.—There are no Stockholders, so that ALL THE PROFITS belong to the insured.

Pamphlets, and every information, may be had GRATIS, on application to EDW. G. FAHNESTOCK, Gettysburg, PA.

PHILADELPHIA REFERENCES:

Thomas Robins,	John Welsh,
Mordecai L. Dawson,	George H. Stuart,
George M. Stroud,	E. S. Whelen,
John B. Myers,	J. Fisher Lemuing,
Joseph Patterson,	William C. Ludwig,
John M. Atwood,	Arthur G. Coffin,
Thomas H. Powers,	George W. Toland,
William McKee,	Thos. Watson

F. RATCHFORD STARR, *Agent*, Philadelphia.

June 11. 1y

Statement

OF THE BANK OF GETTYSBURG, as required by the second section of the Act of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, approved the 13th day of October, A. D. 1857:

ASSETS.

Loans and Discounts,	$329,051 58
Specie,	39 055 85
Due by other Banks,	89,943 33
Notes of other Banks,	2,419 27
Stocks,	966 00
Judgments,	13,394 98
Bonds,	5,018 00
Real Estate,	6,400 00
	$486,284 01

LIABILITIES.

Circulation,	$239,550 00
Deposits,	43,138 66
Due to other Banks,	6,689 57
Capital, $145,150.	$289,378 23

I, T. D. CARSON, Cashier of the Bank of Gettysburg, being affirmed, depose and say, that the above statement is correct, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

T. D. CARSON, *Cashier.*

Affirmed before me, this 9th day of June, A. D. 1860. GEO ARNOLD, J. P.

Gettysburg June 11, 1860.

To Bridge Builders.

SEALED proposals will be received at the Office of the Commissioners of Adams county, until THURSDAY THE 21ST DAY OF JUNE, INST., for building a WOODEN BRIDGE across Opossum Creek, on the road leading from Arendtsville to East Berlin, near John W. Dull's. The Bridge is to be built after the style of "Burr's Patent," one span, 70 feet long.

Plans and specifications for the Bridge can be seen by persons wishing to bid, on the day of letting, or by application to J. M. Walter, Clerk to the Commissioners.

JACOB RAFFENSPERGER,
D. GEISELMAN, } COMM'RS
JAMES H. MARSHALL,

Attest—J. M. WALTER, Clerk.

June 4. td

Second Arrival at Head-Quarters!

JACOB A. GARDNER

HAS again returned with a large assortment of NEW GOODS, which will be sold unusually cheap. The attention of the Ladies is especially directed to the SPLENDID BLACK SILKS, new style (Foulard) Challis, Lawns, Brilliantes, Bareges, Lace Mantillas, Dusters, sests of Sleeves and Collars, Gauntlets, Mitts, Sun Shades, Parasols, Fans, &c.

Also, another lot of those cheap Gaiters, Lace Boots, and Shoes for Ladies.

For Gentlemen, I have a large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Ties, Cravats, Shirts and Collars, Hats, Boots and Shoes, remarkably cheap.

Also, a lot of ready-made Clothing, to close out at a great bargain.

I have now on hand a great variety of choice styles of Goods, so which your attention is particularly requested.

J. A. GARDNER'S CHEAP CORNER.

Petersburg (Y. S.), June 4. 3t

Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Committee of the person and estate of SAMUEL SWOPE, sen., of Germany township, (a lunatic) hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Samuel Swope, to make immediate payment of their respective dues; and all persons having claims or demands against him to present the same, properly authenticated for settlement, to the subscriber, residing in Mountjoy township.

SAMUEL DURBORAW, Committee.

June 4. 6t

Six Cents Reward.

AN indented servant girl, named MARGARET SOMMERS, left my employ on Saturday last, and is still absent. I will give the above reward to any person returning her to me, but no costs or charges paid. All persons are hereby cautioned not to harbor her, or give her any thing on my account, as I will pay for nothing she may contract. JAMES W. BARR.

Mountjoy township, June 4 1860. 3t

COOMBE COTTAGE,
Fairfax Court-house, Va.

THIS property is for sale. It is well adapted for a School or Boarding-house—having everything complete—Out-houses, Gardens, Orchards and Grounds, all in excellent order. It contains about FIFTEEN ACRES. The house is in good repair, containing about THIRTY ROOMS. From its favorable location, Mrs. BAKER'S Ladies' Seminary has enjoyed far and near a high reputation, numbering at times 80 boarders. ☞Terms liberal, on good security. Address, post paid,

FREDERICK BAKER, M. D.

May 14. Fairfax C. H., Va.

Prothonotary.

THE subscriber has been induced by many friends to offer himself as a candidate for PROTHONOTARY of Adams county. He therefore asks his friends and the public to assist him in the effort to obtain the office. He is subject to the decision of the Convention of the People's Party.

J. FINLEY BAILEY.

May 7. tc

Prothonotary.

I FEEL as though I could not resist the action of those of my friends who are urging me to be a candidate for PROTHONOTARY, and have yielded to their request. I therefore announce myself as such, subject to the decision of the People's Party Convention.

May 7.—tc EDEN NORRIS.

Prothonotary.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—I offer myself as a candidate for the office of Prothonotary—subject to the decision of the People's Convention.

THOMAS BLOCHER.

Menallen township, May 14. tc

Commissioner.

THE subscriber is a candidate for the office of Commissioner of Adams County, and respectfully asks a nomination for the office from the Delegates of the People's Party at the next Convention. He has been a supporter of the principles of the Party for forty years, and now asks his political friends to give him a "lift."

AARON COX.

Latimore township, April 23. tc

☞TYSON'S PICTURES.

Clerk of the Courts.

AT the urgent solicitation of my friends in various parts of the County, I have consented to offer myself as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Courts—subject to the decision of the People's Convention.—Should I be so fortunate as to receive the nomination, I shall exert myself to the utmost to secure an election; and if elected, my friends can rely upon a faithful discharge of the duties incumbent upon me.

April 16. BALTZER SNYDER.

Clerk of the Courts.

TO gratify the wishes of many of my friends I offer myself to the consideration of the voters of Adams county, as a candidate for Clerk of the Courts—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. If honored with the nomination, I shall leave no honest effort untried to secure an election; and if elected, my chief aim shall be to prove myself a faithful and honest public servant.

JOHN M. WOLF.

April 23. tc

Register and Recorder.

THE undersigned offers himself as a candidate for the Office of Register and Recorder, subject to the decision of the People's County Convention; and if nominated and elected, will discharge the duties of the office to the best of his ability. A. COBEAN.

May 28. tc

Register and Recorder.

AT the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I offer myself to the consideration of the voters of the County for the office of REGISTER AND RECORDER—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. If nominated and elected, I pledge my best efforts to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office. C. X. MARTIN.

April 2. tc

Register & Recorder.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—At the earnest solicitation of my friends, I have consented to offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—subject to the decision of the People's County Convention. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to a faithful discharge of the duties of the office.

JONATHAN BRENNEMAN.

March 26. tc

Register & Recorder.

BEING solicited to do so by numerous friends, I offer myself as a candidate for the office of REGISTER & RECORDER—subject to the decision of the People's County Convention, and if elected, promise faithfully to discharge the duties incumbent upon the office. DANIEL PLANK.

March 26. tc

Sheriffalty.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—I offer myself as a candidate for SHERIFF. I appeal to your generosity. I have not asked any favors for my service from 1814—for all services I have ever done for the People. Equal Rights wrong no one. If they favor me with a nomination I will try and perform my duties to the best of my ability.

BENJAMIN GARDNER.
Coach Maker.

Petersburg, (Y. S.) May 21. tc

Sheriffalty.

THE subscriber is a candidate for the Sheriffalty of Adams co., subject to the decision of the People's Convention. He respectfully asks the support of the People's Party, pledging himself to a faithful performance of duty.

ABRAHAM TROSTLE.

May 7. tc

Sheriffalty.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—At the earnest solicitation of my friends in various parts of the County, I offer myself as a candidate for the Sheriffalty—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. Should I be honored with the nomination, I shall honestly exert myself to secure an election, and if elected, I promise to discharge faithfully and impartially the duties of the office.

JOHN HOOVER.

April 16. tc

Sheriffalty.

BEING earnestly solicited to do so by numerous friends in my own district as well as out of it, I offer myself to the consideration of the voters of the County as a candidate for the Sheriffalty—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. Should I be honored with the nomination, my friends can depend upon me using every honest endeavor to secure my election; and if elected, the public can rely upon a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties of the office.

JOHN BURKHOLDER.

April 9. tc

Sheriffalty.

I HAVE been urged by many friends to be a candidate for the SHERIFFALTY of Adams County. I therefore announce myself as such and ask my friends to lend me a *helping hand*. I am, of course, subject to the decision of the "People's Convention."

ISRAEL YOUNT.

April 16. tc

Sheriffalty.

AT the earnest solicitation of my friends in various parts of the County, I have consented to be a candidate for the Sheriffalty—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. If nominated and elected I pledge myself to a faithful, impartial and conscientious discharge of the duties of the office. JACOB F. LOWER.

April 23. tc

Sheriffalty.

AT the request of the People, I offer myself as a candidate for the Sheriffalty—subject to the People's Convention. If nominated and elected, I shall discharge the duties of the office with fidelity.

April 23.—tc ISAAC LIEPER.

Sheriffalty.

To the Voters of Adams County:

I offer myself as a candidate for the office of SHERIFF—subject to the decision of the People's Convention.

JOHN D. BECKER.

Petersburg, (Y. S.), April 23.

Sheriffalty.

TO the Voters of Adams County:—At the earnest solicitation of numerous friends, I am induced to offer myself to the consideration of the voters of Adams county, as a candidate for the SHERIFFALTY at the coming election—subject to the decision of the People's Convention. If nominated, I pledge myself to leave no honest effort untried to secure my election; and if elected, the public may depend upon a faithful and impartial discharge of the duties incumbent upon me.

April 9. HENRY DOTTERAR.

Lime, Plaster,

LUMBER AND COAL, of all kinds, constantly on hand, which we will sell at small profits for cash. All coal, &c., must be cash on delivery.

KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.

WHO needs a Trunk or Carpet Bag or one of the new Railroad style, look at them, you can't do better than to buy them at SAMSON'S.

Gas! Gas! Gas!

THE subscriber has laid in a large stock of Gas Chandeliers, Brackets, Burners, &c., to which he invites the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg. His prices are as low as they are in the cities. Call in and see for yourselves. Ware Room in York street, opposite the Bank.

May 14. WM. HELME.

An Invention

THAT is not a humbug, may be seen at the Ware Room of SHEADS & BUEHLER—a Patent Washing Machine, about the utility of which there can be no mistake. It is undoubtedly the best Washing Machine that has ever been invented. It must speak for itself.—Township rights for sale on reasonable terms. Machines also for sale. Call and see it.

May 14.

A Desirable Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The House adjoining the residences of Dr. J. L. Hill and Geo. Geyer, in Chambersburg street—one of the most desirable private residences in the Borough—can be bought on the most accommodating terms, by applying to

EDWARD G. FAHNESTOCK.

Nov. 7. tf

Just in Season!

GIVE US A CALL!—The undersigned have just received from the cities an immense stock of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETS, VESTINGS in all varieties, &c., suitable for the season, which they offer to the public at unprecedentedly low rates.

"They ask a call,
To convince all"—

of the truth of this assertion. No trouble to show goods and give prices. A large lot of READY-MADE CLOTHING also selling cheaper than ever.

Garments made up for men and boys, as usual, in the very best manner, and according to any style desired. The work being done in their own establishment, they are always enabled to warrant it. Remember, their place of business is the large and commodious room adjoining Cobean & Culp's, on Chambersburg street.

JACOBS & BRO.,
Sept. 6.—tf Merchant Tailors.

1860. Fresh Spring Goods. 1860.

HATS AND CAPS.

R. F. McILHENY would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity to his large and complete stock of Hats and Caps, which he has just opened, embracing nearly every variety of style now in the market, consisting in part of Men's No. 1 Silk Hats, Men's broad rim Russia Hats, Men's Felt and Soft Hats, Men's Seamless Caps, Boy's Soft and Wool Hats. Also, STRAW GOODS. A large and superior stock of Straw Goods, comprising Men's Straw, Leghorn and Panama Hats, Misses' and Infants' Hats, Flats, Bloomers and Shaker Hoods, all of the latest and most fashionable styles. Those wishing to save money and buy cheap will do well by calling on him before purchasing elsewhere, as he is selling very low for cash.

R. F. McILHENY.

April 23. tf

Spring, 1860.

A. SCOTT & SON, have just received and are now opening at their establishment in Chambersburg street, opposite the "Eagle Hotel," a large choice and desirable stock of ☞SPRING GOODS☜ which they offer to the public, satisfied that *Goods can't be sold cheaper* than they are now offering them. Our stock comprises all the different styles and qualities of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, Shawls, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, White Goods, Laces, etc. For Men and Boy's wear we have our usual variety in style, quality and price. Our customers will always find our stock of Domestic Goods full, cheap and complete. We invite all to give us a call and examine our stock, satisfied that an examination is all that necessary to convince all that *our's is the Cheap Store.*

No trouble to show goods. Thankful for past encouragement, we would respectfully ask a continuance of the same.

A. SCOTT & SON.

N. B. Country produce taken in exchange for goods

April 16. tf

Removal.

NEW SALOON.—GEO. F. ECKENRODE has removed his Oyster Establishment to the splendid new Saloon in Jacobs & Bro's. Building on the north side of Chambersburg street, where he will at all times be prepared to serve up the best of OYSTERS, in every style. By keeping a good article, he expects to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

TURTLE SOUP, CHICKEN, BEEF TONGUE PIG'S FEET, TRIPE, BOILED and FRIED EGGS, ICE CREAM; BIRDS, &c. in their season. A nice glass of ALE or LAGER can always be had.—Come and try me. G. F. ECKENRODE.

April 9. tf

More New Goods at

THE Sign of the BIG BOOT, in Chambersburg street. We have just received a large Stock of HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, Trunks, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, Buggy Harness, Collars, Whips, &c., and are determined to sell at the lowest prices possible for cash. Call and judge for yourselves. COBEAN & CULP.

May 24. tf

ABRAHAM SCOTT. J. HERVEY SCOTT

A. SCOTT & SON,

Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Articles, Queensware, Groceries, &c., opposite "Eagle Hotel," Chambersburg street.

New Spring Goods.

D. L. SCHICK has just received and offers for sale the most desirable assortment of Dry Goods ever brought to Gettysburg, consisting in part of

Spring Silks,
Plain Black, do.,
Flourands,
Spring de Laines,
Oriental Lustres.

Also, Bombazines, Alpaccas, De Beges, Ginghams, Lawns, Brillianies, Shepherd's, Plaids, Crape de Espange, Tissue Berages, &c.

April 23.

Boots and Shoes.

AN extensive assortment of Boots and Shoes, consisting of Men's Fine French Calf Boots, Men's Heavy Boots, Men's French Calf Gaiters, Oxford Ties and Shoes, Men's Brogans, Boy's Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, at

R. F. M'ILHENNY'S

April 23.

Lovering's Philad'a. Syrup,

WHICH is, of all Syrups, the very best, for sale at

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Flowers and Ruches for sale at the cheap store of

A. SCOTT & SON.

PHOTOGRAPHS framed at short notice by TYSON & BRO., N. E. corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

SHOVELS FORKS & HOES.—A large lot, good and cheap, at the new store of

A. SCOTT & SON.

AMBRO, Melaino, Enamel and Photograph Pictures of superior style, taken at WEAVER'S Sky-Light Gallery.

TO TRAVELERS.—A fine assortment of *Trunks* of every description, Carpet Sacks, &c., &c., for sale at PICKING'S in Chambersburg street.

DOMESTIC GOODS, of every variety, at SCHICK'S, consisting of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Sheetings, &c., &c.

The Ladies' Store Removed.

MISS H. McCREARY has just opened at her new Rooms a large and beautiful assortment of FASHIONABLE MILLINERY GOODS, to which the attention of the Ladies of Gettysburg and vicinity is invited. Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings always on hand. Also, Ladies' Fashionable Dress Goods, with Trimmings to match.

☞Bonnets blanched and pressed according to Bishop's Celebrated Method, which is now used by all the principal Bonnet Manufacturers in the United States, and considered the best and least injurious to the straw than any ever discovered. Milliners who study their own interests and that of their customers will do well to try it.

☞She removed to Chambersburg street, between Mr. Arnold's and the Star office.

May 14.

New Millinery.

MISSES BARR & SAMPLE respectfully inform the ladies of Gettysburg and surrounding country, that they have commenced the MILLINERY BUSINESS at the residence of Mrs. Barr, in Baltimore street, three doors south of the Presbyterian Church, and are prepared to execute every thing in that line with neatness and promptness. Ladies may depend upon the work entrusted to them being executed in the most fashionable style. Bonnets, Bonnet Trimmings, and Millinery Goods, on hand, or ready to order.

April 23. tf

New Confectionery & Ice Cream SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has just opened a new Confectionery Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on Chambersburg street, to which he would invite their attention.

Cakes, Candies, and every description of Confections—together with Nuts, Oranges, and all kinds of Fruits—always on hand.

Summer Drinks—such as Meads, Pop, Mineral Water, and anything else intended to please the palate and refresh the system during the hot summer months.

Parties, public and private, as well as families, will be furnished with all kinds of Cake, Ice Cream, (in pyramidal form or otherwise) and other refreshments, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life time at the business he flatters himself that he fully understands it and that he is able to render entire satisfaction. Call and see the new Confectionery.

May 14. JOHN GRUELL.

Call and See the Bargains!

R. F. McILHENY, having just returned from the City of Philadelphia, where he has selected very carefully his Fall & Winter Goods, is prepared to show the prettiest and most fashionable stock of goods in his line ever brought to this place—which will defy all competition. His stock of Hats & Caps is full and complete, embracing Men's No. 1 Black Silk Hats, Men's Black Cassimere Hats, Men's Fine Soft Felt Hats, Men's Ledger Hats, Men's Russia Broad-rim Hats, Men's Silk Velvet Caps, Men's Ledger Caps, Men's Navy Plush & Plush-trimmed Caps. A splendid assortment of Boys' & Childrens Caps from 5 cents to 75.—Also, An extensive ass

Cannon & Adair's
NEW MARBLE WORKS,

CORNER of Baltimore and East Middle street, directly opposite the new Court House, Gettysburg. Having recently arrived from Philadelphia, and feeling fully competent to execute all work in the finest style of the art, we would respectfully invite the attention of the public wishing to procure anything in our line, to favor us with a call and examine specimens of our work. We are prepared to furnish **Monuments, Tombs and Headstones, Marble Mantles, Slabs** for Cabinet makers, and all other work appertaining to our business, at the lowest possible prices. We do not hesitate to guarantee that our work shall be put up in a manner substantial and tasteful equal to the best to be seen in the cities, where every improvement which experience has suggested is availed of, and especially do we guarantee that our Cemetery and Grave Yard work shall be so carefully set as not to be affected by frost, but shall maintain for years that freshness of position given at the completion of a job and so necessary to continued gracefulness and symmetry.

Oct. 25. tf

1860. Summer Arrangement. 1860.

FINE Black Frock Coats cheap at PICKING'S.
FRAB and Brown Cassimere Frock Coats very cheap at PICKING'S.
SACK Coats of all colors remarkably cheap at PICKING'S.
MARSEILDES Frock and Sack Coats notoriously cheap at PICKING'S.
DUCK Coats, Linen, Sacks and Frocks, unreasonably cheap at PICKING'S.
NO. 1, BLK. Cassimere Pants astonishingly cheap at PICKING'S.
FANCY Cassimere Pants, pleasingly cheap at PICKING'S.
SATINETT, Duck and Linen Pants uncommonly cheap at PICKING'S.
COTTON Pants, all colors, unusually cheap at PICKING'S.
BOY'S Coats, Vests and Pants certainly very cheap at PICKING'S.
SATIN and Silk Vests, good and positively cheap at PICKING'S.
MARSEILLES and Nankeen Vests, unprecedentedly cheap at PICKING'S.
SUSPENDERS, Shirts, Collars, Socks, Stocks, Gloves "awful" cheap at PICKING'S.
CLOCKS and Jewelry of all kinds, confounded cheap at PICKING'S.
VIOLINS, Fifes, Flutes, &c., &c., most "dogged" cheap at PICKING'S.
REVOLVERS, Pistols, Knives, &c., "all-fired" cheap at PICKING'S.
A GREAT many other things, among which are FLY NETS—drivingly cheap at PICKING'S.
GUM Coats, Leggings and Caps, which takes everything else in town down for cheapness at PICKING'S.
EVERYBODY will please call at PICKING'S
AS A MATTER OF COURSE.

April 30. tf

Notice to Farmers.

100,000 BUSHELS GRAIN WANTED.

THE highest market price will be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Barley, Clover-seed, Timothy-seed, Flour, &c., at the large yellow Ware-house west of New Oxford. Also, GUANO, PLASTER, SALT, and a large and well selected stock of LUMBER and COAL, constantly on hand, and for sale at my Ware-house.

FRANK HERSH.

New Oxford, Oct. 2. tf

Men's Wear.

J. L. SCHICK would invite the attention of buyers to his large stock of Fine Black Cloths,
Fine Colored do.,
Fine Black Cassimeres,
Fancy do.,
Side Stripe do.,
Vestings,
Cravats, Hosiery,
Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c. &c.

April 23.

Cheap Clothing!

GEO. ARNOLD has now got his Spring and Summer stock of CLOTHING, full and complete, comprising every variety of *COATS, PANTALOONS, VESTS, &c. &c. &c.* All of our own make. Please call, and if we cannot fit you, we can take your measure and make you a garment on short notice.

April 16. 6t

WALL PAPER.

WE have just received from the City a large assortment of WALL PAPER, and WINDOW BLINDS of the latest styles, and will be sold at the lowest rates possible. We have also the best and cheapest articles of *Window Blind Fixtures*, which are in the market.

We have still on hand a good assortment of HATS, SHOES & HARNESS, and other articles in our line of business. Give us a call—we will sell at prices to suit the times.

Feb. —tf COBEAN & CULP.

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes.

THE attention of the Ladies is respectfully solicited to a very fine assortment of Ladies' Gaiters, Boots and Slippers; also Misses' and Children's Shoes and Gaiters, of every style, at R. F. McILHENY'S.

De Forrest, Armstrong & Co.

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS, 80 & 82 Chambers Street, N. Y., would notify the Trade that they are opening Weekly, in new and beautiful patterns, the

WAMSUTTA PRINTS,
ALSO THE
AMOSKEAG,

A New Print, which excels every Print in the Country for perfection of execution and design in full Madder Colors. Our Prints are cheaper than any in market, and meeting with extensive sale. Orders promptly attended to.

Feb. 6.

BUILDING MATERIALS—Paints, Oils, &c., always on hand and will be furnished at low rates at FAHNESTOCK'S.

FLOUR AND FEED always on hand, of the best quality and sold at the smallest profits, at NORBECK & MARTIN'S.

PHOTOGRAPHIC views of Buildings, Landscapes, ect. etc., by TYSON & BRO., N. E. cor. of the Diamond, Gettysburg.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.—A large supply of all kinds, just received at J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

DO YOU WANT A GOOD AMBROTYPE?—Then go to WEAVER'S Sky-Light Gallery, on Middle street, in Gettysburg.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!—At SCHICK'S Printed Cashmere Shawls, Stella, Crape Thibet Delaine.

Dec. 4.

NO one denies that the Excelsior Gallery is the place to get prime Pictures.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!—Ladies call and see them. From $1.25 to $10, at J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

PICTURES of deceased persons taken at short notice by TYSON & BRO., Gettysburg, Pa.

GLASS SELF SEALING FRUIT JARS a new article, at A. SCOTT & SON'S New Store.

TYSON'S PICTURES.

Granite Stone Yard.
PETER BEITLER

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Gettysburg and citizens generally, that he has removed his Granite Yard from its old location down beside the main track of the Railroad, a few steps below the Freight and Engine Houses, where he is better prepared than ever to furnish Granite Stone, dressed in every style,

Monuments, Door Sills,

and STEPS for every kind of buildings and ornamental use, also CEMETERY BLOCKS, always on hand.

March 12. 1y

Wanted,

AT the Brick Warehouse in New Oxford, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, FLOUR, SEEDS, &c., for which the highest cash prices will be given.

Constantly on hand, a large and well selected stock of GROCERIES at wholesale and retail, also SALT, PLASTER, FISH, &c. LUMBER & COAL, all of which they offer at the lowest prices, and on reasonable terms. BASTRESS & PETERS.

April 23. 6m

Fruit and Ornamental Trees
FOR SALE.
George Peters & Co.,
Proprietors of Fair-Mount Nurseries, Bendersville, Adams County, Pa.

WE would respectfully call the attention of the public to our large stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, such as Apple, Peach, Standard and Dwarf Pear, Cherry, Apricot and Plum Trees; Grapevines, Blackberry, Gooseberry and Currant stalks; Ornamental and Evergreen Trees, which we offer for next fall sales. We have appointed JOHN BURKHOLDER, Esq., our Traveling Agent, for Adams County, who is authorized to make sales and take Orders.

FAIR-MOUNT NURSERIES having been established for more than 20 years, the proprietors flatter themselves that their trees are of the best selected kinds. Having fruited many of them, they know what they are.—The greatly increased and increasing spirit of planting, as well as the degree of patronage extended to us, warrant us in greatly extending the Nurseries, so that we are prepared to offer for the autumn of 1860 and succeeding years a much more extensive stock than ever offered before—cultivating from Thirty-five to Forty Acres, and containing several hundred thousand Trees at various stages of growth, all of which are grown on soil, and under treatment, best calculated to make a healthy and natural growth.

GEO. PETERS & CO.

The undersigned, having accepted the above Agency for the sale of fruit trees in this County, takes this method of informing the public, that those wishing to purchase Trees will please take the subject into consideration before I call personally upon them, as I expect to canvass a portion of the County. All letters upon the subject addressed to me at Bendersville, or left at any of the hotels in Gettysburg, will be attended to. Catalogues can be had at all the Printing Offices. Persons wishing to select from catalogues can there see them. I will be in Gettysburg during Court weeks, so that persons wishing to purchase fruit trees can see me. The cultivation of good fruit of all kinds has been entirely too much neglected in this County, as the demand for good fruit is very much on the increase.

April 9. JOHN BURKHOLDER.

Farmers' & Mechanics' Savings Institution of Adams Co.

RECEIVES money on deposite daily from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 3 o'clock, P. M., and on Saturday from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 6 o'clock, P. M. Interest on deposits from 2 to 5 per cent. Special deposits paid agreeably to notice, and transient deposits paid on demand with interest.

Interest on special deposits, when made for ten months and upwards, 4 per cent.; for 3 months and upwards, 3 per cent.; on transient deposits, for 30 days, and upwards, 2 per cent.; and on regular weekly deposits 5 per cent.

The popularity of this Institution with all classes of the community, both in town and country, and its consequent success, may be ascribed in part to the following reasons:

It offers a convenient, responsible and profitable depository to Farmers and Mechanics, to Executors, Administrators, Assignees, Collectors, Agents and all public Officers, to Attorneys, Trustees, Societies and Associations, incorporated or otherwise, to married or Single Ladies, to Students, Merchants, Clerks, and business men generally; to Minors and all who have funds, much or little, to deposit with a return of Interest.

Depositors receive Books in which is entered their deposits, which books serve as vouchers. They may designate in case of sickness, death or absence, who shall receive their deposits without the intervention of Executors or Administrators.

March 26. tf

White Goods & Embroideries.

J. L. SCHICK would invite the ladies to examine his large variety of new style Brilliantes, Cambrics, Plaid Cambrics, Linens, Collars, Handkerchiefs, &c. [April 16.

Groceries! Groceries!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—Molasses and Sugar by the barrel, Coffee by the sack, and all kinds of Groceries, either by the quantity or in small amounts, at prices that defy competition. Call at once at

April 4 FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

Furs! Furs!!

THE highest prices will be paid for all kinds of FURS at the Sign of the Big Boot.

Jan. 2. COBEAN and CULP.

TO GET the worth of your money, and the right change back, make your purchases at the cheap Store of A. SCOTT & SON,

May 23. Opposite the Eagle Hotel.

A VARIETY of Fall Bonnets, Trimmings, Ruches, Flowers, &c. &c., at A. SCOTT & SON'S.

GET your Ambrotypes and Photographs at Tyson & Bro's Sky-Light Gallery Gettysburg.

CEDAR WARE—A large assortment at reduced prices at FAHNESTOCK'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons and Flowers, of every variety, and to suit every taste, to be found cheap at SCHICK'S.

BONNETS & BONNET TRIMMINGS.—A great variety of Bonnets, Ribbons, Ruches and Millinery Goods generally, to which we invite the attention of the Ladies. Milliners supplied wholesale at reduced rates at FAHNESTOCKS'.

QUEENSWARE.—The largest assortment of Queensware ever received in Gettysburg, has just been opened. All in want of anything in that line will save money by calling first at FAHNESTOCKS'.

WORKED FLOORING, best quality, for sale at the yard of Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz. Also, Sash, of every size, Doors, Shutters, Blinds, etc.

ANY QUANTITY OF VESTS—embracing Satin, Velvet, Silk, Italian Cloth, Marseilles, and in fact every imaginable kind to be had cheaper than ever at PICKINGS.

BUFFALO ROBES AND OVER SHOES much cheaper than last season at

Dec. 26. *Samson's.*

CIGARS and Tobacco of a superior quality always on hand at the new store of A. SCOTT & SON.

FLOUR & COMMISSION HOUSE,
NO. 101, N. HOWARD STREET,
BALTIMORE.
(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1785.)

WE take this means of reminding our friends in Adams and the neighboring Counties, that we still carry on business at our old Warehouse, where we are prepared to purchase or receive on consignment COUNTRY PRODUCE, especially FLOUR and GRAIN. Our experience and standing; together with our favorable location (our Warehouse being on the line of the Railroad) warrant us in hoping that we shall be able, not only to retain our old customers, but also to extend our business in this section of country.

PETER SAUERWEIN & SON.

Baltimore, Dec. 6. 1y

HENRY B. DANNER. WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have entered into Partnership in the Hardware and Grocery business, at the Old Stand of DANNER AND ZIEGLER, in Baltimore street, under the name style and title of DANNER and ZIEGLER, Jrs., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the Old Firm, as well as any quantity of new custom.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting, in part, of

Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, etc., etc.

Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers etc., etc.

Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vises, Rasps, Files, Horse-shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, etc, with them, very cheap.

Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvas, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil-cloth, Springs, Axles, Hubs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, etc., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot-trees, etc., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet maker's Tools—a general assortment; also, Varnish, Knobs, etc., etc.

Housekeepers will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candlesticks, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Sad-irons, Enameled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns, Carpeting, etc., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Forged and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

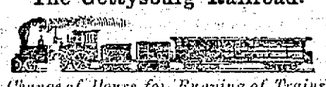
Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, fine coarse, and dairy Salt, Linseed, Fish and Sperm Oil, Turpentine, Fish, etc.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil, also Fire proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, House-Keeping, Blacksmith, Cabinetmakers, Painters, and Grocery line—all of which they are determined to sell as low for cash as any house out of the City.

HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 24. tf

The Gettysburg Railroad.



Change of Hours for Running of Trains.

The MORNING TRAIN now leaves Gettysburg at 7, A. M., connecting at Hanover Junction with the train from Harrisburg to Baltimore at 9.48 A. M., reaching Baltimore at 12.30 noon. Passengers going north or east will also connect by the morning train with the mail train *from* Baltimore which passes the Junction at 10.25 A. M., and arrives at Harrisburg at 12.25 noon. Connections made at York for Columbia and Philadelphia by this train. Returning arrives at Gettysburg at 12.15 noon, with passengers who leave Harrisburg at 7.40 A. M., and Baltimore at 7.50 A. M.

The AFTERNOON TRAIN leaves Gettysburg at 1 P. M., connecting at Hanover Junction at 3.03 P. M. with mail train which leaves Harrisburg at 12.30 M. and arrives at Baltimore at 5.50 P. M.; and with the express train from Baltimore which leaves Baltimore at 3 P. M. and arrives at Harrisburg at 7.25 P. M. Returning arrives at Gettysburg with passengers from Harrisburg, Philadelphia and the north and west at 5.15 P. M. Passengers for the north and south on the Northern Central will make connections through each way by both morning and afternoon train.

R. McCURDY, *Pres't.*

March 19.

Notice to Stockholders.

NOTICE is hereby given to subscribers to the Capital Stock of the GETTYSBURG GAS COMPANY, that by a Resolution of the Board of Directors, payment of the first installment on each share of stock (one fifth of each share) subscribed, payable on the 1st of May next, is hereby required to be made to JOEL B. DANNER, the Treasurer of said Company, at his office in his house in the Borough of Gettysburg, agreeably to the terms of subscription.

By the Act of Assembly relating to Gas Companies, if notice for the payment of subscriptions of stock be not complied with, the Company can recover one per centum per month interest on the amount due and unpaid.

M. JACOBS, PRES'T.

D. McCONAUGHY, *Sec'y.*

April 16. td

Wholesale and Retail

LIQUOR STORE.—The undersigned respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that they have opened a new LIQUOR STORE on Railroad street, south side, and midway between the Passenger and Freight Depot, and have made arrangements to keep constantly on hand a full supply of all kinds of Liquors. FOREIGN & DOMESTIC, such as Brandies, Wines, Holland and Domestic Gins, Old Rye and Rectified Whiskey, Champagne, Ginger Brandy, Cherry Brandy, Cordials, Kimmel, Anice, and Wines of every grade.

The above Liquors will be furnished at the most reasonable rates and warranted good.—By strict attention to business and an effort to please, we hope to merit the patronage of the public.

All orders promptly attended to.

Feb. 28.—tf COVER & KUHN.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ASTHMA.—For the INSTANT RELIEF and PERMANENT CURE of this distressing complaint, use

FENDT'S
Bronchial Cigarettes,

Made by C. B. SEYMOUR & Co., 107 NASSAU STREET, N. Y. Price, $1 per box; sent free by post. For sale at all Druggists.

March 26. 6m

CARPETS.—Another addition to our fine stock of Carpetings just received, and we invite the attention of Housekeepers to them.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

MOLASSES, from 37½ to 75 cents per gal. Ion. and Coffees from 12 to 14 cents per pound—tip-top articles, and worthy the attention of housekeepers, at

DANNER & ZIEGLER, Jrs.

SHIRTS, SHIRTS, of Linen, Marseillest and Muslin for sale at PICKINGS.

Professional Cards.

D. M'CONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's (Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR
For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.; also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States; and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE on West Middle street, adjoining the new Court-house.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

OFFICE at his residence on Baltimore street, opposite the New Court-House.

J. C. NEELY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the S. E. corner of the Diamond, (formerly occupied by Wm. B. M'Clellan, Esq.,) Gettysburg, Pa.

March 26. tf

A. J. COVER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him.—Office between Fahnestock's and Danner and Ziegler's Stores, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg, Pa. [Sept. 5.

J. THORNE CLARKSON,
Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law,
PORTLAND BLOCK,
Chicago, Illinois.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.
DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg strt., opposite F. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D. | Prof. Muhlenberg,
Prof. M. Jacobs, | " M. L. Stoever,
H. L. Baugher, | Dr. H. S. Huber.

DR. A. W. DORSEY,

FORMERLY of Carroll county, Md., having permanently located in Gettysburg, offers his professional services to the citizens of the town and surrounding country in the practice of the various branches of his profession. Office and residence, Baltimore street, next door to the Compiler office, where he may be found at all times when not professionally engaged.

REFERENCES.

Prof. Nathan R. Smith, Baltimore, Md.
Rev Augustus Webster, D. D., Balte. Md.
Dr. J. L. Warfield, }
Dr. W. A. Mathias, }
Jacob Reese, Esq., } Westminster, Md.
John K. Longwell, Esq., }
Gen. E. Wampler, Esq., }
Rev. Thomas Bowen, Gettysburg.

Oct. 25. 6m

SUNBEAM GALLERY.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish

AMBRO, MELAINO, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with GOOD PICTURES, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Bringman & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures.

All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present "Hard Times."

Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also, inserted in Lockets, Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them, that as heretofore they shall not be dissatisfied.

Charges from 50 cts. to $10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

Children will not be taken for less than $1.00.

AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

Alexander Frazer,
CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER,

HAS removed his shop to the room on the West side of the Public Square, lately occupied by David A. Buehler, Esq., as a Law Office, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers.—Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, April 4. tf

Marble Yard Removed.

THE subscriber having removed his place of business to East York Street, a short distance below St. James' Church, would announce to the public that he is still prepared to furnish all kinds of work in his line, such as Monuments, Headstones, &c., &c., of every variety of style and finish, with and without bases and sockets, to suit purchasers, and at prices to suit the times. Persons desiring anything in his line will find it a decided advantage to examine his stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 21. tf WM. B. MEALS.

To Consumptives and Nervous Sufferers.

The subscriber, for several years a resident of Asia, discovered while there, a simple vegetable remedy—a sure Cure for *Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and Nervous Debility.* For the benefit of Consumptives and *Nervous Sufferers*, he is willing to make the same public.

To those who desire it, he will send the Prescription, with full directions (*free of charge*); also a *sample* of the medicine, which they will find a beautiful combination of Nature's simplest herbs. Those desiring the Remedy can obtain it by return of mail, by addressing J. E. CUTHBERT,

Botanic Physician, No. 409 Broadway,

April 9. 3m New York.

Ladies' and Misses' Shoes.

LADIES' Fine Black and Fancy Colored English Lasting Gaiters; Ladies' Fine Black Congress do.; Ladies' Fine Black Foxed do.; Ladies' Fine Morocco and Kid Boots; Ladies' Fine Morocco Buttoned Boots; Misses' and Children's Shoes and Gaiters of every variety. LADIES are very respectfully invited to call and examine these goods for themselves. No trouble to show goods. R. F. McILHENY.

Oct. 17. tf

HOUSEKEEPERS.—Those of you about going to Housekeeping can find a general assortment of everything you need, at low prices, at FAHNESTOCKS'.

Gettysburg Foundry.

THE subscriber, having purchased the Foundry of Messrs. Zorbaugh, Stout & Co., (formerly Warrens' Foundry), has commenced business, and is now prepared to offer to the public a larger assortment of Machinery than has heretofore been offered, such as THRESHING MACHINES, Clover Hullers, Fodder-cutters, Corn Shellers, and Morgan's late improved Horse Rake. Also, STOVES, such as Cook Stoves, three different kinds; and five different sizes of Tenplate Stoves. Likewise Mill and Saw mill Castings, and all kinds of Turning in Iron or Wood.

REPAIRING of all kinds of Machinery and Castings will be done to order on short notice. Patterns made to order.—Plough Castings ready made; PLOUGHS, such as Seyler, Witherow, Plocher, Woodcock, and many others not mentioned here; and eight different kinds of IRON FENCING, for Cemeteries, Porches or Yards.

Also, Mortising Machines, one of the best now in use. This Machine works with a lever by hand; any little boy can manage it.

Call and examine our stock; no doubt but what we can please. Persons ought to see it their advantage to buy machinery of any kind at home, where it is manufactured, so that they can very easily get any part replaced or repaired. DAVID STERNER.

Gettysburg, Feb. 27. 1y

LESTER'S LOCK-STITCH
SEWING MACHINE.
PRICE, $50 AND UPWARDS.

THE great favor which attended the introduction of LESTER'S SEWING MACHINE is sufficient evidence of their superiority over all others for BOTH THICK AND THIN WORK, being more simple than other Machines, and less liable to get out of order. They will STICK, HEM, RUN, AND GATHER. They make good BACK Stitch, both sides alike. Warranted one year.

SALES ROOMS,
163 Baltimore street,
Nov. 14. 1y BALTIMORE, Md.

FARMERS & MERCHANTS THIS WAY.

WE have now opened our large and commodious Warehouse on Corner of Stratton and Railroad streets, near the Depot of the Gettysburg Railroad Company, and are prepared to receive all kinds of produce, viz:

Flour, Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Seeds, &c., also have for sale Salt, Guanos, Plaster, Fish, &c., also a large stock of Groceries just received, consisting of Sugar, Coffee, Syrups, Molasses, Teas, Rice, Oils, Spices of all kinds, Cedar ware, &c., &c., also, Brenig, Fronfield & Co's. Celebrated Vegetable Cattle Powder. Merchants will do well by calling and examining our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as our motto will be "quick sales and small profits." Wholesale and Retail. Hoping by strict attention to business and a desire to share a part of public patronage.

KLINEFELTER, BOLLINGER & CO.

Gettysburg, Nov. 15.

Grain and Produce House,
IN CHAMBERSBURG STREET.

THE undersigned having purchased the large building in the rear of his store on Chambersburg street, known as "Camp's Brewery," has converted it into a Produce Ware House, and is now prepared to receive all kinds of Grain and Produce, to wit:

FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN,

Oats, Seeds, &c., for which the highest market price will be given.

To accommodate those who may prefer it, I will also receive on COMMISSION and forward Produce of all kinds, having made arrangements for that purpose with a responsible House in the City.

I will also continue my Grocery and Variety Store, and will keep on hand

Groceries

of all kinds, Salt, Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Teas, Rice, Oils, Spices, Fish, Cedar-ware, &c. Having just received a very large supply, purchased on remarkably favorable terms, I am prepared to furnish Country Dealers very cheaply, and will sell at all times, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. The public are invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, as I am determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest, on the principle of "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

JOHN SCOTT.

Sept. 19. tf

DR. S. FELLER'S
FAMILY MEDICINES

ARE the only preparations of the kind placed before the public under the name of ECLECTIC. They are called Eclectic because they are carefully and scientifically selected—the BEST from all the GOOD—and approved by the most scientific men in the United States. They do not contain any Mercury, Antimony, or Opium, or anything that would be deleterious to the most delicate constitution.

All who understand the curing of disease know that medicines only assist nature, and unless they act and harmonize with nature, disease cannot be cured. Want of a proper knowledge of these facts causes many of our fellow citizens to go down to an untimely grave.

I can therefore recommend this preparation with the utmost confidence, and am fully persuaded, from past experience at the bedside of the sick, that it will give very general, if not universal satisfaction. Yet, at the same time, I do not pretend to say that it is a CURE-ALL, or that it is, in all cases and circumstances, infallible. For when a remedy is set forth as "Cure-All," "Infallible," &c., the conclusion with most is irresistible, that the proprietor himself believes his remedy to be a humbug, and designed from the start to deceive the public.

SAMUEL CRONCE,

Wholesale Agent, York Sulphur Springs, Adams county, Pa., and for sale by Dr. Buehler, Gettysburg; J. S. Hollinger, Heidlersburg; Jacob King, Hunterstown; and Jacob A. Gardner, Petersburg.

We would say to the public, that all we want is a fair trial, and it will recommend itself.

Jan. 17. tf

Wanted Immediately,

MERCHANTS, Hotel-keepers and Private Families to know that COVER & KUHN are selling at their Wholesale and Retail Liquor Store on Railroad street, a superior article of LIQUORS of all kinds, for less money than was ever offered to the people of Adams county. Call and examine our stock. Fine Liquors for Medical purposes. [May 2. tf

New Goods!

GEO. ARNOLD has just received from the City a large stock of cheap Cloths, Cassimeres, Summer Cloths, Tweeds, Drilling, Jeans, Linens, Velvet Cords, etc. etc. Also, Muslins, Calicoes, Ginghams & Cotton Drilling of every variety. Call and see them!

April 16. 6t

NAILS.—A big lot of Avalon Nails, all sizes, and the best quality manufactured very low for Cash, at

DANNER & ZEIGLER, Jrs.

FOR the newest styles of Goods, always call at SCHICK'S.

STOCKS, Suspenders, Cravats and Handkerchiefs, at PICKINGS.

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL
Fire Insurance Company.
Incorporated March 18, 1851

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS:

George Swope,	S. Fahnestock,
D. A. Buehler,	Wm. B. Wilson,
R. M'Curdy,	H. A. Picking,
Jacob King,	Wm. B. M'Clellan,
A. Heintzelman,	John Wolford,
D. M'Creary,	R. G. M'Creary,
J. J. Kerr,	John Horner,
M. Eichelberger,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	Abel T. Wright,
J. R. Hersh,	Abdiel F. Gitt.
Andrew Polley,	

This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday on every month, at 2, P.M.

Sept. 21.

SANFORD'S
LIVER INVIGORATOR,
NEVER DEBILITATES.

IT is compounded entirely from Gums, and has become an established fact, and approved by all that have used it, and is now resorted to with confidence in all the diseases for which it is recommended.

It has cured thousands within the last two years who had given up all hopes of relief, as the numerous testimonials show.

Do the temperament of the ed in such quantities as to judgment guide you in the VIGORATOR, and it will cure Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Summer Complaints, Chronic Diarrhœa, Dropsy, Dysentery, Sour Stomach, Habitual Costiveness, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Flatulence, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Female Weakness—it is recommended as an Ordinative. It will cure SICK HEADACHE, (as thousands can testify,) in two or three Tea-spoonfuls are to be taken at commencement of attack.

All who use it are giving their testimony in its favor.

MIX WATER IN THE MOUTH WITH THE INVIGORATOR, AND SWALLOW BOTH TOGETHER.

Price One Dollar per Bottle.

LIVER INVIGORATOR.

—ALSO,—

SANFORD'S
FAMILY
CATHARTIC PILLS,
COMPOUNDED FROM

Pure Vegetable Extracts, and put up in GLASS CASES, Air Tight, and will keep in any climate.

The Family Cathartic PILL is a gentle but active Cathartic which has been used in my practice more than twenty years. The constantly increasing demand from those who have long used the PILLS, and the satisfaction which all express in regard to their use, has induced me to place them within the reach of all.

The Profession well know that different Cathartics act in different portions of the bowels. Hence a Cathartic is sometimes required to act on the Liver, with Costiveness, Pain in the Side, Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Pain in the whole body, Loss of Appetite, Cold over the body, Restlessness, Headache, or weightiness of the head, Diseases of the Blood, Worms in Children or Adults, Rheumatism, a great and many diseases to which flesh is heir, too numerous to mention in this advertisement. Dose, 1 to 3.

PRICE 30 CENTS.

The Liver Invigorator and Family Cathartic Pills are retailed by Druggists generally, and sold wholesale by the Trade in all the large towns.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M. D.,
Manufacturer and Proprietor,
335 Broadway, New York.

July 11. 1y

DR. ESENWEIN'S
Tar and Wood Naptha Pectoral,

IS the best medicine in the world for the Cure of Coughs and Colds, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Difficulty in Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Diptheria, and for the relief of patients in the advanced stages of Consumption, together with all Diseases of the Throat and Chest, and which predispose to Consumption.

It is peculiarly adapted to the radical cure of Asthma,

Being prepared by a practical Physician and Druggist, and one of great experience in the cure of the various diseases to which the Human frame is liable.

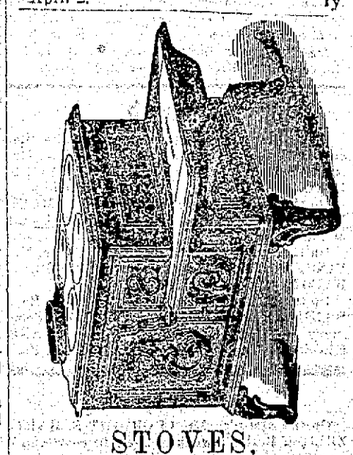
It is offered to the afflicted with the greatest confidence.

Try it and be convinced that it is invaluable in the Cure of Bronchial affections.—Price 50 cents per Bottle.

Prepared only by Dr. A. ESENWEIN & CO., Druggists and Chemists, N. W. Corner Ninth & Poplar Streets, Philadelphia.

Sold by every respectable Druggist and Dealer in Medicine throughout the State.

April 2. 1y



STOVES,
Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.

SHEADS & BUEHLER, having purchased the stock of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware of GEO. E. BUEHLER, have opened an Establishment in connection with their Stove Ware-room, under the superintendence of G. E. BUEHLER, and are now prepared to furnish every thing in that line, at the lowest prices. In addition to the ordinary Ware they have a large supply of Kitchen and House-furnishing Goods, of every variety, including ENAMELLED and TINNED KETTLES, PANS, &c., for preserving, frying and cooking. Call and see their splendid assortment of Stoves and House-furnishing Goods, at their Ware-house on the corner of Carlisle and Railroad streets.

Spouting put up at shortest notice.

Lumber, Coal and Lime always on hand at their yard.

SHEADS & BUEHLER.

Gettysburg, Oct. 10. tf

STONE FRUIT JARS, Pitchers, Jugs, etc. at A. SCOTT & SON'S.

CLOTHS.—Cassimeres, and every article men's wear, good and cheap at J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

PICTURES copied from old specimens of all kinds; also, inserted in Lockets, Breast Pins and Finger Rings, by SAMUEL WEAVER.

50,000 Copies Already Sold.

EVERYBODY'S LAWYER
And Counsellor in Business,
BY FRANK CROSBY,
OF THE PHILADELPHIA BAR.

IT TELLS YOU How to draw up Partnership Papers, and gives useful forms for Agreements of all kinds, Bills of Sale, Leases and Petitions.

IT TELLS YOU How to draw up Bonds and Mortgages, Affidavits, Powers of Attorney, Notes and Bills of Exchange, Receipts and Releases.

IT TELLS YOU The Laws for the Collection of Debts, with the Statutes of Limitation, and amount and kind of property Exempt from Execution in every State.

IT TELLS YOU How to make an Assignment properly, with forms for Composition with Creditors, and the Insolvent Laws of every State.

IT TELLS YOU The legal relations existing between Guardian & Ward, Master and Apprentice, and Landlord and Tenant.

IT TELLS YOU What constitutes Libel and Slander, and the Laws as to the Marriage Dower, the Wife's right in Property, Divorce and Alimony.

IT TELLS YOU The Law for Mechanics' Liens in every State, and the Naturalization Laws of this country, and how to comply with the same.

IT TELLS YOU The Law Concerning Pensions and how to obtain one, and the Pre-Emption Laws to Public lands.

IT TELLS YOU The law for Patents, with mode of procedure in obtaining one, with Interferences, Assignments and Table of Fees.

IT TELLS YOU How to make a Will, and how to Administer on an Estate, with the law and the requirements thereof in every State.

IT TELLS YOU The meaning of law Terms in general use, and explains to you the legislative, Executive and Judicial Powers of both the General and State Governments.

IT TELLS YOU How to KEEP OUT OF LAW, by showing how to do your own business legally, thus saving a vast amount of property; and vexatious litigation, by its timely consultation.

Single copies will be sent by mail, postage paid, to every Farmer, every Mechanic, every Man of Business, and every body in every State, on receipt of $1.00, or in law style of binding at